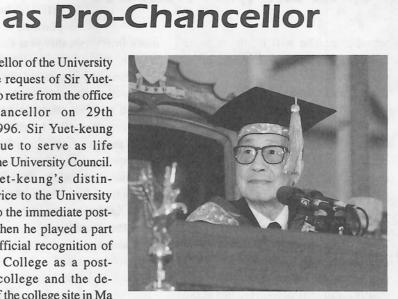
The Chinese University of Hong Kong

Retirement of

Sir Yuet-keung Kan



keung Kan to retire from the office of Pro-Chancellor on 29th February 1996. Sir Yuet-keung will continue to serve as life member of the University Council. Sir Yuet-keung's distin-

he Chancellor of the University

accepted the request of Sir Yuet-

guished service to the University dates back to the immediate postwar years when he played a part in gaining official recognition of Chung Chi College as a postsecondary college and the development of the college site in Ma

Liu Shui which now forms a part of the University campus. Sir Yuet-keung helped to draft the first constitution of the college and later served as chairman of the College Board of Governors from 1964 to 1968.

Sir Yuet-keung's involvement in the University Council began during its inception years when he served as a Council member. From 1971 to 1982, he chaired the Council before becoming life member of the Council and Pro-Chancellor of the University.

Sir Yuet-keung has provided outstanding leadership and unfailing support to the University, and has contributed to the laying of a firm foundation for the University's academic, infrastructural and international linkage development.

CU BIOLOGY PROJECT RECEIVES RGC EQUIPMENT GRANT

he University's Department of Biology has received a grant of HK\$2.9 million from the RGC Central Allocation Vote 1995-96 for the establishment of an automated molecular genetic analysis system in collaboration with the Department of Biology at Baptist University, and the Department of Applied Biology and Chemical Technology at the Hong Kong Polytechnic University. The amount granted to this project is the highest among the four projects chosen this year.

The system will include four components: a nucleic acid purification system, an automatic/robotic molecular biology workstation, a genetic analyser/ gene scanner, and an automatic DNA sequencer. The aim of the project is to provide state-of-the-art automated instrumentation for molecular genetic analysis. Manual operations, which are tedious, variable and sometimes technically difficult, have been the major approach in the past. With the installation of an automated system, analyses can be completed more quickly and in a standardized manner.

Current projects that may benefit from the system range from studies on genes in microorganisms to mutations underlying human leukaemia. The system will be installed on CU campus but available for use by staff of the sponsoring institutions for purposes of collaborative research.

The RGC Central Allocation Vote is set up to provide support to tertiary institutions in the acquisition of central facilities or equipment which will benefit the academic community of Hong Kong. Applications are now invited for the 1996-97 exercise, for which HK\$5-10 million will be set aside. Faculty members may wish to consult the conveners of the different panels under the University's Research Committee with regard to application guidelines.

Grants from Health Services Research Fund for Six Projects

No.86 4th April

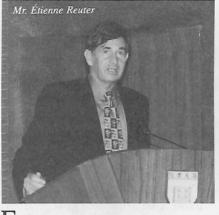
Six research projects proposed by staff of the University's Faculty of Medicine have received grants totalling HK\$2,636,647 from the Health Services Research Fund since the fund's inception in 1994. The six projects are:

- 1. Hepatocellular Carcinoma Health Care Services (HK\$600,000) Principal investigator: Prof. Anthony Chan Tak-cheung, assistant professor, Department of Clinical Oncology
- 2. Does Intensive Rehabilitation Improve the Functional Outcome of Traumatic Brain Injury? (HK\$230,000)
- Principal investigator: Prof. Poon Wai-sang, associate professor, Department of Surgery
- 3. Epidemiology of Otitis Media with Effusion in Hong Kong Chinese School Children (HK\$587,697)
- Principal investigator: Prof. Charles A. van Hasselt, professor of surgery
- 4. Identification of Environmental Risk Factors for Asthma and Allergic Rhinitis in Adults in Hong Kong (HK\$535,050)
- Principal investigator: Prof. Christopher Lam Wai-kei, professor, Department of **Chemical Pathology**
- 5. Risk Factors for Primary Osteoarthritis of the Hip and Knee in Hong Kong Chinese - a Case-control Study (HK\$614,700)

Principal investigator: Prof. Edith M. C. Lau, associate professor, Department of Community and Family Medicine

6. To Use Magnetic Resonance Imaging to Assess Intra-Abdominal and Subcutaneous Fat in Normal and Obese Children of Hong Kong (HK\$69,200) Principal investigator: Dr. Chan Yu-leung, visiting senior lecturer, Department of Diagnostic Radiology and Organ Imaging

Europe Comes to Shaw

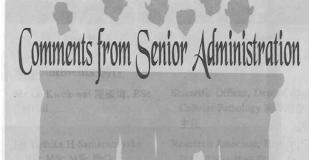


French films, German dances, Spanish guitar, and Scottish bagpipes were only some of the highlights of the Shaw College Festival of Europe held from 15th to 25th March in the Shaw College lecture theatre. Mr. Étienne Reuter, director of the Office of the European Commission in Hong Kong, spoke on 'Europe and Asia: a Promising Partnership' at the college assembly on 15th March. Other guest artists at the festival included the Alpha Beta Club (The Hong Kong Society of Western Calligraphy Art), renowned photographer Cheung Kanchee, and ceramic artist Anissa Fung.

28 Staff Members Exhibit Works of Art



he third CU Staff Joint Art Exhibition was held from 18th to 29th March at Sir Run Run Shaw Hall. On display were sketches, paintings, Chinese calligraphy, photography, and ceramics produced by 28 staff members from different units.



From the University Dean of Students

The job market for university graduates has always been competitive, and has become more so now since the overall employment situation in Hong Kong has not changed for the better. Graduates of this university are facing steeper challenges when preparing themselves for the competition.

Experience tells us that the top jobs usually go to candidates who not only have impressive academic records, but more importantly, a broad range of skills — analytical, creative, adaptation, leadership, language, and interpersonal.

It is also well-recognized that it is virtually impossible to acquire these skills overnight. Persistent hard work, practice, experience, exposure, and the will to achieve all contribute to the acquisition of what many will call core competencies for career success. Working within a three-year programme, students are well advised to start as early as the first year to acquire these skills by making use of resources at the University and the community at large.

The University has good teaching staff. It has good students. Its curricula are competitive. The challenge is

to build on these fundamentals to develop an image of CUHK gradu-

ates as the future elites of the community. All members of the University, not least the students themselves, have a part to play in this mammoth marketing task. And it is through the students that prospective employers see whether the

University's efforts have paid off. Sophisticated employers use vigorous screening processes, including multiple interviews, to identify the right candidates. An interview is interactive. It gives the employer a chance to find out the candidate's aptitude, personality, aspirations, as well as his/her intellectual, creative, analytical, and language skills. It is also an occasion for the candidate to market himself/ herself.

Depending on the qualities an employer may be looking for in a candidate, questions may be asked on structured and well-defined, or highly unstructured and uncertain situations. How a candidate responds to that challenge will be crucial in determining the interviewer's assessment of whether the candidate will bring something of value to the table, whether he/she is equipped with a trainable base for further development in the company, or

Preparing CU Students for Challenges in the Job Market

> whether he/she will fit in with the corporate culture. Academic performance is not the only item on the agenda. Employers seek versatile graduates with all-round personalities.

> To help nurture such graduates, the University student union, the four college student unions, faculty and departmental societies, academic associations and interest groups, the Office of Student Affairs, and the four College Dean of Students' Offices work hand in hand to complement the training provided by the academic units. They organize a wide range of cultural, social and recreational activities, including

conferences and tournaments, to facilitate the intellectual and personal growth of students, to broaden their horizons, and to enhance their understanding of themselves and of the community they will soon be serving.

The moment of truth comes when graduates are interviewed by their prospective employers. Such interviews are a test of calibre, and call for better preparation on the part of students. They should be given practical experience to improve their interactive

skills and to boost self-confidence.

The Appointments Service at the Office of Student Affairs have thus planned a series of

mock interviews this year for students who wish to sharpen their skills. Experienced interviewers and representatives from major employers are invited to give students useful tips on overcoming the hurdles of interviews and point out areas for individual improvement. This is a pilot programme which mainly uses resources on campus. If its effects should prove beneficial, greater support will be drawn from the community to expand the programme.

K.M. Chan

Construction Wastes to be Transported to Pak Shek Kok by Sea

CU Working Group Formed to Monitor Impact on Campus Environment

The University Council has, at the request of the government, formally withdrawn its objection to the Pak Shek Kok reclamation/public dump project. The decision last month followed lengthy negotiations between the University administration and the Planning, Environment and Lands Branch of the Government Secretariat, and the government's subsequent undertaking to access the public dump site by sea instead of through the University campus.

Under the new agreement, the government is also responsible for the implementation of stringent mitigation measures to minimize the impact of the project on the University's environment.

The University's objection was first lodged in October 1994, and its resolution to withdraw was made after consultation with a legal counsel and due consideration of the effects of its objection. The step is deemed appropriate on grounds that the government is adamant in pressing the project forward, and will seek an administrative ruling at the Executive Council if it fails to obtain the University's consent. This will entail the re-entry and re-possession of necessary land on the University campus for construction of the road to the dump site.

The use of the sea route is seen as an acceptable alternative. Rather than passing through the University campus, construction waste will be transported to the site by barges from a barging point in Ma On Shan in 1997, and thereafter from Sha Tin. The government has undertaken to reimburse the University for the costs of additional HVAC filters and for cleaning the curtain walls and windows of the Hong Kong Institute of Biotechnology (HKIB), and to provide a buffer zone in planning the future use of the reclamation site.

Furthermore, the University's decision rests on the government's reassurance that what is most at stake

— the campus environment — will be attended to. Apart from implementing mitigation and environmental monitoring measures in full, the government has agreed that if differences should arise between the two parties on agreed standards, the University can always discuss them directly with the Secretary for Planning, Environment and Lands.

Major mitigation measures to be carried out by the government include:

- progressive restoration of the reclamation site with surface drainage and hydroseeding to
- minimize dust pollution;
 (ii) speedy completion of the filling operations at land areas in the near vicinity of the HKIB;
- (iii) controlling and monitoring of the noise, dust and water pollution within the agreed standards; and
- (iv) temporary landscaping as appropriate before more permanent arrangements.

Environmental monitoring reports by

government consultants will also be made available to the University as and when required, and liaison meetings between the University and relevant government offices will be held at reasonable intervals to discuss the impact of the project on noise, air, and water quality.

With the withdrawal of objection by the University, work on the dump site is expected to begin soon. The University has already set up a monitoring group to keep the administration posted of the project's progress and the effects of mitigation measures.

Members of the monitoring group include Prof. Lam Kin-che (convener) of the Department of Geography, Prof. Norman Woo of the Department of Biology, University Secretary Mr. Jacob Leung, Director of Buildings Office Mr. Vincent Chen, Director of Administrative Services Ms. Amy Yui, and Security Officer Mr. Richard Ma.



Searching for New Drugs in the Plant Kingdom

There are various groups at the University that are involved in isolating potential new drugs from nature, of which traditional Chinese medicines represent an important source. Prof. Robert Jones, chair of the Department of Pharmacology, compares this process to 'finding a needle in a haystack'. Yet it has not stopped him and his colleagues from combing the local Chinese herbal medicine shops for herbs. As part of the problem is the prevalence of adulteration in the marketplace, they also have connections in China who scour the hills for the authentic plants. These are no orientalized white-bearded gurus in the mountains who alone have the sacred key to all herbs since time immemorial, but experts from universities in China with a sharp eye for medicinal herbs. Samples of the herb are sent to the department and then begins the painstaking process of finding the chemical structure of the herb, identifying its beneficial compounds if such exist, testing their mechanisms on the body, and determining the form in which the herb can be used as a drug. And of the hundreds and thousands of identified compounds in a herb, often only one or two, if any, are useful.

A far more serious reason for the difficulty in finding natural remedies, as Prof. Jones points out, is the state of our environment: 'We are destroying the rain forests and, in doing so, our potential future drugs. Although we can make almost any compound synthetically, it's not as efficient as getting it from nature. The plant kingdom has yielded more drugs than we could possibly have got if we had made them ourselves. Plants contain substances which interact with mammalian systems and, in ways we still don't quite understand, the plant kingdom acts as a kind of filter which increases our chances of success in our attempts to find new drugs.'

Studying the Effects of Drugs at the Cellular Level

Interest in traditional Chinese medicines in the department started in the early 1980s under the direction of Dr. Kelvin Chan. Dr. Chan has since left for Liverpool and the interest is now continued by Profs. John Yeung, Alaster Lau, and Lin Ge, in collaboration with colleagues in the Department of Pharmacy and the Chinese Medicinal Material Research Centre. Enumerating the major changes in the department since his chairship, Prof. Jones says new research areas have been explored, which include inflammation research and research in anti-emetic drugs. Other projects of a more elementary scientific nature involve, to quote Prof. Jones, 'pinching off tiny pieces of cell membrane from the cell and looking at them to see what happens when the drug molecule interacts with the cell membrane'. Although such prolonged peering at our most basic selves may be less than gratifying for the moment, the knowledge obtained may hold promises for the future. However it is not for those who like to play Nostradamus. Prof. After all, 'manipulating test-tubes is a long way from what happens in the beating heart', as Prof. Jones succinctly puts it.

It is indeed a long way and one which grazes the sensitive issue of animaltesting. Prof. Jones believes it is necessary to keep the hierarchy of testing: 'We have to take things by stages. After a potential drug is taken out of the test-

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Jones explains, 'Often we can't tell what the benefit of a drug will finally be. We may be looking at a drug's effects on a blood vessel but eventually may find some other totally different use outside the cardiovascular system, for example,

in the central nervous system, so it ends up being used as a tranquilizer. People would like to think they can predict but few are actually successful. They only tell you afterwards, you see.'

The department has taken on the teaching of pharmacology to pharmacy students since the inception of the Department of Pharmacy in September 1992. The two departments have also collaborated in research, especially that involving compound isolation.

Molecular Biology a Major Research Tool

According to Prof. Jones, research in the department will gradually be moving towards molecular biology, which means identifying drug mechanisms using molecular biology techniques. However he advises pharmacologists to keep in mind that their primary concern is how drugs work on body systems, and therefore they should take care not to steer too far away from the clinical situation. tube, it has to be tested on the simple, then the complex, and then the very complex, which is the human being. I think the general public does not appreciate that most drugs don't get that far. Thousands of new compounds are synthesized every



year, but very few actually get through this selection process: some have bad side effects, some are too shortlasting.... So when you come to the end of the line you may only have one drug out of five or ten thousand that actually makes it to a patient's arm.'

Yearning for a Personal Approach

Teaching in the department will also be going in new directions, one of which is the multi-media approach. Although Prof. Jones acknowledges the benefits of multi-media teaching, his own taste seems to lean towards the more personal and traditional. To quote him, 'nothing beats small-group tutorials by experienced tutors when it comes to teaching', yet he admits that gaining that experience may take years. Prof. Jones also laments the fact that lab sessions have been cut, sometimes due to financial considerations. 'The computer is seen as a substitute but it doesn't teach you manual skills except how to rattle keys,' he comments wryly.

On the subject of the one-line budget, Prof. Jones points out that being one of the smaller departments in the University, the Department of Pharmacology cannot enjoy as much flexibility of spending as does a larger department under the oneline budget. He also finds the computerized system of organizing the department's finances to be non-interactive.

Ever since he came to Hong Kong over five years ago, Prof. Jones has been living on the University campus. Does the University give him the sense of interaction and communication that he finds so important? 'I feel more involved socially in this university than I did working in the UK. Maybe it's because I

have been living on campus; or maybe it's because the campus is more compact — I'm not really sure. In any case I definitely feel involved in the actual evolvement of the University. And this is quite nice,' says Prof. Jones with his usual candour. O

Piera Chen

A graduate student of pharmacology analysing data on the computer

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Information in this section can only be accessed with CWEM password.

若要瀏覽本部分的資料,

請須輸入中大校園電子郵件密碼。

New Publication of the Hong Kong Institute of Educational Research

The Pursuit of School Effectiveness: Research, Management, and Policy

Written by Cheng Yin-Cheong and edited by Tsang Wing-kwong, this book aims to explain the basic theories of school effectiveness, to analyse policies for successful school reforms, to guide school practices, and to develop research strategies. Using schools in mainland China, Hong Kong and Taiwan as the basis of study, the book covers major areas in educational research, including the pursuit of quality in education, and the management and effectiveness of moral and civic education in schools.

It is also the first of the educational studies series published by the Hong Kong Institute of Educational Research.

ISBN 962-8077-01-5, 264 pages, paperback, HK\$240

The book is available in the University Bookshop, John Fulton Centre. For information or to place mail order, please call Ext. 6999 or fax 26036850.

Service to the Community and International Organizations

- Prof. Pak-wai Liu, pro-vice-chancellor, has been appointed by HE the Governor as a member of the Advisory Council on the Environment for two years from 1st January 1996.
- Prof. Kenneth Young, pro-vice-chancellor, has been re-appointed by HE the Governor as a member of the University Grants Committee from 1st April 1996 to 31st March 1998.
- Prof. Chak-kuen Wong, professor of computer science and engineering, has been appointed a member of the Engineering Panel of the Research Grants Council for the period up to 30th June 1998.
- Prof. K.M. Chan, professor of orthopaedics and traumatology, has been elected President of the Asian Federation of Sports Medicine from 1996 to 2000.
- Prof. Benjamin Y. Chan, professor in the Department of Educational Administration and Policy, has been re-appointed as a member of the selection committees for the appointment of heads/principals of diocesan primary and secondary schools for two years from 1st March 1996. He has also been invited to serve as a member of the Internal Validating Panel of the Postgraduate Diploma in Education (Primary) Course and an external examiner for doctoral theses at the University of New South Wales in Sydney.
- Prof. Yee Leung, professor in the Department of Geography, has been appointed visiting professor at Beijing Normal University. He has also been invited to serve as an editorial board member of *Geoinformatica*, an International Journal on Advances of Computer Science for Geographic Information Systems.
- Dr. Sing Lee, senior lecturer in psychiatry, has been invited to serve as a member of the editorial board of the *Shanghai Jingshen Yixue Archives of Psychiatry* from November 1995, and the *Transcultural Psychiatric Research Review* from January 1996.
- Prof. Wing-wah Chan, associate professor in the Department of Music, conducted the Hong Kong Japanese Club Choir, the Hong Kong Oratorio Society and the Hong Kong Sinfonietta to perform Mozart's *Requiem* on 11th February 1996 at the City Hall. Prof. Chan also conducted the Hong Kong Philharmonic Orchestra to premiere his new composition *Encounter* on 14th February 1996 at the Hong Kong Cultural Centre.
- Dr. Daniel T.L. Shek, senior lecturer in social work, has been re-elected (1) chairman of the executive committee of the Society of Boys' Centres and (2) honorary secretary of Heep Hong Society for Handicapped Children from 1995 to 1996. Dr. Shek has also been invited to serve as a member of the International Editorial Board of the International Journal of Adolescent Medicine and Health.
- Prof. Anthony P.C. Yim, associate professor in the Department of Surgery, has been invited to serve as a member of the Advisory Editorial Board of the *Medical Updates on Therapy, Diagnosis & Prevention.* Prof. Yim has also been elected as a member of the Society of Thoracic Surgeons from 9th February 1996.

(All information in this section is provided by the Information and Public Relations Office. Contributions should be sent direct to that office for registration and verification before publication.)

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19.6.96

4.6.96

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新任講座教授

Professorial Appointment

大學委任梁兆仁教授為 病理解剖及細胞學講座教 授,由一九九六年三月十一 日起生效。

梁兆仁教授生於新加 坡,在馬來亞大學習醫,一 九六九年獲授內外全科醫學 士學位,一九八三年取得澳 洲阿德萊德大學醫學博士學 位。

梁教授本科畢業後,於 馬來西亞大學醫院實習,嗣

後數年在美國和馬來西亞多所著名學府和醫院任職。一 九七六年移居澳洲,轉職伊利莎白女皇醫院,七九年晉 升爲高級病理學家,八二年爲顧問病理學家,其後出長 澳洲醫學及獸醫學研究所,八四年出任阿德萊德大學臨 牀教授,加入中大服務前爲該校臨牀病理學講座教授。

梁教授為英國皇家病理科醫學院等多個專科學院榮 授院士。

Prof. Anthony Leong Siew Yin has been appointed as professor of anatomical and clinical pathology from 11th March 1996.

Born in Singapore, Prof. Leong received his medical education at the University of Malaya and obtained his MB BS degrees in 1969. After a two-year stint as visiting fellow at the University of Washington and Case Western Reserve University, he returned to the University of Malaya to take up the posts of lecturer and clinical specialist at the university hospital. He then left for Australia and obtained his MD degree in 1983 from the University of Adelaide.

Before joining The Chinese University, Prof. Leong worked in Australia for 20 years. Institutions at which he has taught or practised include the Queen Elizabeth Hospital, the South Australian Institute of Technology, The University of Queensland, the Royal Adelaide Hospital, and the Institute of Medical and Veterinary Science. His most recent post in Australia was clinical professor of pathology at the University of Adelaide, a post he held for eight years. Prof. Leong is married, with two children.

Staff Development Grants

The Association of Commonwealth Universities (ACU) invites applications from staff members of the University for the following fellowships:

- ACU Development Fellowships 1996-97 (General fellowships, titular fellowships and travel fellowship sponsored by the Worshipful Company of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales)
- Academic Exchange Fellowships 1996
 Times Higher Education Supplement Exchange
- Fellowship 1996 4. The T.H.B. Symons Fellowship in Commonwealth
- Studies Details about these programmes have already been sent



to the faculty offices. Further enquiries may be directed to the Personnel Office (Ext. 7286). The internal deadline for application is 1st May 1996.

國際現象學會議

Conferences on Phenomenology

哲學系將於四月十至十三日假祖堯會議廳主辦國際 現象學會議。與會專家學者二十餘人,來自德國、比利 時、美國、日本、中國、台灣和香港,將以「文化交互 性與生活世界」爲主題,發表論文。是次會議由德國現 象學會及中國現象學會協辦,是第一個在東南亞舉行的 大規模國際現象學會議。

此外,哲學系特於四月九日與崇基學院合辦中國現 象學研討會,讓兩岸三地學者切磋砥礪「現象學與現代 世界」的關係。研討會將假崇基學院行政樓啓眞道室舉 行。

歡迎出席上列學術會議,費用全発。索取會議程序 表或查詢資料,請與哲學系聯絡(內線七一三六或七一 三五;圖文傳眞二六零三五三二三)。

An international conference on phenomenology entitled 'Interculturality and Life-World' will be held in the Cho-Yiu Conference Hall on campus from 10th to 13th April.

Organized by the University's Department of Philosophy and co-sponsored by the German Society for Phenomenological Research and the Chinese Society of Phenomenology, the conference is the first of its kind in the Asia Pacific region, and will be attended by prominent and world famous scholars and specialists from Germany, Belgium, USA, mainland China, Taiwan, Japan, and Hong Kong.

Preceding this function is another conference on phenomenology co-organized by the Department of Philosophy and Chung Chi College. With 'Phenomenology and the Modern World' as its theme, the conference will be held on 9th April in Kilborn Room of Chung Chi College's Administration Building. Chinese-speaking academics from mainland China, Taiwan, and Hong Kong will participate in the conference.

All are welcome to attend. For details please contact the Department of Philosophy (Ext.7135/7136; Fax. 26035323).

大學游泳池重開

University Swimming Pool Reopens

大學游泳池將於四月十八日(星期四)重新開放。開 放時間為上午十時三十分至下午一時四十分,及下午二 時三十分至六時十五分,假日照常。本年度入場收費如

• •		
	學生	五元五角
	教職員及其家屬	十一元
	教職員十八歲以下的家屬	五元五角
	已繳納二百二十元年費的校友	十一元
	攜同親友	三十元
	補證費(每張)	十七元五角
	周一至周五(假日除外)每天下午-	一時四十分前爲優
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惠時間,教職員、學生,以及他們的配偶、子女的入場 費,一律每位五元五角。

申請或換領游泳證可到游泳池辦事處(范克廉樓一 零八室)辦理。申請人須帶備有關職員證及直系家屬之 半身近照乙張;十八歲以下之申請者,須一併帶備其出 生證明文件影印本,以便核對。

The University Swimming Pool will reopen on Thursday, 18th April. Opening hours are from 10.30 a.m. to 1.40 p.m. and from 2.30 p.m. to 6.15 p.m. Monday through Sunday (including public holidays).

Admission charges are as follows:

		HK\$
1	Students	5.50
	Staff and immediate family members Staff immediate family members	11.00
	aged under 18 Alumni (after payment of \$220 annual	5.50
	subscription)	11.00
	Accompanied guests	30.00
]	Re-issuing of membership card (for staff family members and alumni	17.50

A flat rate of 5.50 per head will be levied for all staff, students, and their dependents (spouse and children) on weekdays (Monday to Friday, excluding public holidays) before 1.40 p.m.

Dependents of staff and students may now apply for new admission cards or renewal of the cards at the Office of Student Affairs, Room 108, Benjamin Franklin Centre. One photo is required for each card and the applicant has to bring along the relevant staff or student ID card. Those under 18 will be asked to produce copies of birth certificates for authentication purposes.

崇基學院上網

Chung Chi on the Net

崇基學院網頁已存放於中大萬維網,網上資料有學院簡介;校董會、行政人員和各委員會名單;特設之課 程及學系、校牧室、學生輔導處、圖書館、微型計算機 室、綜合基本教育中心、獎學金、交換計劃,以及學生 會等簡介。

崇基學院網址是 http://www.cuhk.hk/ccc/ccc.html。崇基院務室歡迎各方意見,俾改進網上資料。提供建議請致電二六零九六四四一或電子郵遞至 ccc@cuhk.hk。

Information on Chung Chi College has been available on the University World Wide Web Server since 15th March 1996. Computer users can reach the college home page at http://www.cuhk.hk/ccc/ccc.html. Comments can be directed to the college office at Ext. 6441 (e-mail ccc@cuhk.hk).

鄭子瑜教授自選集 獲中國圖書榮譽獎

中國文化研究所客座高級研究員鄭子瑜教授的《學術 論著自選集》,最近獲得第二屆中國國家圖書獎之最高獎 譽——榮譽獎。鄭教授是首位大陸以外之學者獲此殊榮。

鄭教授為新加坡著名學者,祖籍福建,六十年代曾 任日本早稻田大學教授。八四年加入中大服務至今,期間 兼任北京大學、廈門大學、復旦大學等校的客座或顧問教 授。鄭教授研究中國修辭學造詣甚深,有關著作曾在日 本、中國大陸及台灣出版。

中國國家圖書獎由中國新聞出版署主辦。本屆獲獎 著作由全國三百四十一家出版社推薦的六百五十四種圖書 中評選出來,獲榮譽獎者共七種。



五位中學輔導主任及教師,向他們介紹該院各學系的特色和課程內容。

No. 88 4th April 1998

學系

E

主宰赤來的機械與自動化工程學系

鄭重平教授説: 「機械與自動化工程學系的發展速 度比預期好,出乎我們意料之外。」 「我們的首要工作是打穩陣脚。」 「下學年會是我們最艱辛的一

mille

年。」

數個小型實驗室,地方捉襟見肘, 也不便利行政和教研工作;需待新 的科學綜合大樓於九七年底落成, 才可歸一。

不過,下學年新學系踏入第 三年,會增聘多位教師,加上首批 本科生要開展畢業習作,地方不足 的情況會惡化,他為此頭痛不已。

鴻圖大計

歐教授透露,他的短期目標是打穩 學系陣腳,主要工作包括培訓優秀畢業 生,和製造優良環境,以利老師開展高 水平研究計劃。如能交出滿意成績,畢 業生自有廠家垂青;而向他們推介自動 化工程學的應用時,也會事半功倍。這 自然亦有利於學系的教學和研究,且能 吸引更多高質素的學生報讀。此外,他 會致力促進系內行政、技術和研究人員 的配合,以利學系發展。

他的長遠目標則是開發新技術,促進香港和華南地區的高科技工業。 O

蔡世彬

圖三

圖一:學生上實驗課 圖二:各式儀器 圖三及圖四: ###手能給起約

圖四

機械手能檢起網球,但能否拿捏瓷土,製 作器皿呢?劉雲輝教授致力研究電腦軟件 和機械手的配合,以期機械手模擬人手製 作陶瓷。

建立學系

鄭重平教授原隸訊息工程學系,九 四年六月全身投入開辦機械與自動化工 程學系的工作,並獲委為創系系主任。

鄭教授坦言,該系在九四至九五年 度招收首批本科生時,外間(尤以中學師 生)對該系的課程內容所知不多,所錄取 的廿九名學生,在公開試的表現只屬一 般。一年後,情況已大大改善了。該系 錄取了兩名成績出眾的轉系生,以及六 十名公開試成績良好的新生;而新設的 哲學博士和哲學碩士課程則分別有四名 和三名研究生。

學系名稱

校方籌設該系時,一直稱之為機械 工程學系,及至正式開辦前才改名為機 械與自動化工程學系。鄭教授解釋,設 立新學系需時四、五年,最初只是暫擬 名稱。由於課程內容自始至終圍繞自動 化機械工程學,而非傳統的機械工程 學,所以正式成立時便改名,以強調新 學系的課程特色。該系學生主要學習主 宰工程學未來發展的先進技術,也會接 受基礎機械工程訓練。

他補充,以「自動化」為系名在北美 並不流行,但在中國大陸、俄羅斯、歐 洲等地則屬常見。以之為系名,可起推 廣作用,讓港人和廠家認識這門學科及 其對人類和工業的影響,促進香港高科 技工業的發展。

何謂自動化

自動化概念源出 Norbert Wiener 的控 制論,是現代工程學的重要科目,學生 須結合電腦和電子科技,以及機械原 理,把複雜的工序或產品自動化。它的 用途廣泛,機械人、日本汽車的高度自 動化生產線,和模糊邏輯家庭電器,是 最為人熟知的例子。機械人能人所不 能,工作效率高,並可負責高度危險的 工作,例如清潔和維修核電廠。其他 軍、商、民用自動化的例子,更是不勝 枚舉。

鄺教授表示,該系的科研著重人工 智能的開發,研製具學習能力的機械 人,進一步提高自動化的層 次。

課程設計

該系首批學生曾向系方 反映功課太多。鄭教授認為 課業繁重是無可避免的。他 說:「工程學院各學系的功 課都很多,本系也不例外, 因為自動化工程學是一門跨 科學科,由電子器件、機械 原理、材料科學, 以至電腦系統都包

羅在內。」他們設 計課程時,已全盤 考慮學生的時間、 去蕪存菁,好聽 生能於三年內完成 所有主要課業。 鄭教授又說,

本科生第一、二年 的課程內容廣泛, 各科看來獨立,較 難透徹吸收。不 過,當學生於第三 年專研高級科目, 並運用所學知識做

畢業習作時,便會領會到各個科目均有 聯繫。只要融會貫通,便能解決複雜問 題,甚而創造新的槪念和應用。他也同 意三年時間太緊逼,「如以四年時間攻 讀這科,學生的功課負擔會較 輕。」

空間不足

何善衡工程學大樓本供工程 學院四個學系使用,後機械與 自動化工程學系誕生,院方 便需從原有空間擠出地方安 置新學系。現時該系不少辦 公室都是由系統工程與工程 管理學系借出。

鄭教授說,該系現在零 星散布在工程學大樓、邵逸 夫夫人樓和科學館,並只有

虛擬現實令用戶有拈起棋子弈棋的感覺





「多媒體是電腦應用的大趨勢,中大 教職員對多媒體的認識日深,對它的輔 助教學功能尤感興趣。」資訊科技服務處 電算師羅若舜先生解釋,多媒體是特別 設計的電腦程序,運用圖像、聲音、錄 像、動畫和文字,把種種意念和資料傳 到用戶眼前耳畔,吸引力巨大,比電影 優勝。其特點在於互動,用戶不再只是 受體,可選擇自己喜愛的或需要的片段 來看;電腦也會就用戶輸入的資料或答 案作出反應。用之於教學,多媒體軟件 讓學生因應本身的能力學習,不再受制 於傳統的學習程序和步伐。

羅先生一九九零年加入中大服務, 主要協助教職員開發多媒體軟件。他 說,電算機服務中心致力推廣電腦輔助 教學,最初引進多媒體編寫軟件時,主 動向教師推介,希望先引起他們的興 趣,再與他們共同開發輔助教學軟件。 數年來,他們不斷引進新的科技,向教 師推介易學易用的編寫軟件,反應甚 佳。據電算機服務中心的資料,過去一 年,校內使用電腦輔助教學的計劃激增 一倍,而尚未完成者多達數十項。

羅先生認為,推廣過程中最困難的 地方,在於技術轉移。他們的目標是透 過共同開發多媒體教學軟件,把有關技 術轉移給教師,讓教師日後自行開發更 多輔助教學軟件。可是,部分教師誤解 了他們的服務,以爲說出要求,便可得 到一套合用的軟件,所以未有積極投入 學習;亦有部分教師未能撥出足夠時間 羅先生指導工讀生編寫多媒體軟件

參與製作,以致技術轉移的速度比預期 慢。

所以,資訊科技服務處現在接到申 請後,會先提醒有關學系必須派出教師 或職員專責統籌,並預留足夠時間和經 費投入製作。他們的服務對象限於校內 部門與同人,所開發的多媒體軟件須與 學生有關,又以教學為先。

羅先生補充說:「費用不很多,主 要是材料費用和學生工資,但肯定統籌 者要花很多時間。」

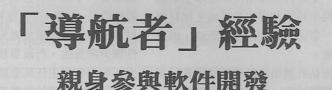
資訊科技服務處負責多媒體開發的 工作小組共有四名成員,包括羅若舜先 生。羅先生表示,學生層面的技術轉移 工作十分理想,不少學 生透過該處的暑期工作 坊,掌握了開發多媒體 的技術,成爲該小組的 後勤力量,不時獲聘協 助編寫軟件。學生的工 資由所屬計劃支付。

運用電腦作為輔助 教學工具,可以增加教 學的靈活性,適合學生 人數日益增多及學生素 質參差的教學需要,更

把教學的重點由「教」轉至「學」。可是, 「由於多媒體軟件和數碼錄像所需的頻帶 寬度較大,如經現時的校園網絡傳送, 運行上會打折扣。現在使用的多媒體軟 件,多在個別個人電腦或局域網操作, 要全面普及還需時。」羅先生說。

談到未來的發展,他透露,其所屬 小組暫無意增加人手。「增加人手只能治 標,治本的方法還在於技術轉移。」另一 方面,校方已開展先導研究,希望提高 校園電腦網絡主幹的容量和傳送速度, 利便多媒體輔助教學的發展。 O

蔡世彬



英語教學單位導師左治強先生曾參與開發多媒體軟件「導航者」(Pathfinders)的 工作,以下是他的經驗和心得:

「我於九二年加入中大,當時電算機服務中 心積極擴展校園訊息系統,我從該中心梁光漢 先生處認識不少電腦的功用,並漸由門外漢變 成一個不怕電腦,想用電腦的人。」

「九三年萬維網在校園普及,安坐辦公室便 輕易取得世界各地的資料,令我深深體會到電 腦發展潛力之大。多媒體是桌上電腦加電視雙 向互動,包括文字、圖像、聲音、動畫和錄像 五項元素,對年靑學生的吸引力甚大。於是我 開始構思一套切合中大學生需要的多媒體教學 軟件。」

「由於當年入學的新生畢業時將屆九七,時 局轉變會影響他們的價值觀和職業選擇,這是 學生的切身問題,相信會引起他們的興趣。我 便以此爲主題,爲語文自學中心開發一套學習 英語的軟件。」

「『導航者』分爲兩部分。第一部分,學生 可從金錢、權力、學識、家庭和社會公義五個

大題目中選取一項,審視本身的價值觀。在四十五分鐘的航程內,學生會聆聽和閱讀 與其取向有關的文章或詩篇,並答覆問題。當然,人生的範疇很大,豈是五個題目所 能涵蓋。所以『導航者』第二部分會探討自由、民主、人權和法治的理念,鼓勵學生 寫下感想,在電子新聞小組與其他參與者分享。學生從中可學習英文文法、生詞和它 們的用法。」

「工作小組的骨幹有四人,除我之外,還有電算機服務中心電算師林成勇先生,

以及兩名校外人士。」

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導航者的五大人生路向

「我負責統籌,須協調劇本要求和電腦技術的限制。劇本曾大幅度改動八次,我 想過放棄。」

「製作過程前後花了一年多,日常所耗的時間比我預計的多一倍;幸得文學院和 英語教學單位的支持,我才有充足經費和時間完成計劃。」

「學生對『導航者』的反應不俗,若以五分為滿分,學生平均給它三點六分。」 「我學會了如何配合軟硬件使用電腦,對課程設計和講授方法有了新的體會和構

又刀 法有 」 新的 體 曾 和 傳 思 , 又 學 懂 如 何 與 其 他 專業 人 士 溝 通 和 合 作 。 」

「除多媒體外,電子 新聞小組和電子郵遞也 是有效的網上輔助教學 模式,可補充傳統教學 方法之不足。學生不受 課堂和時間的限答者不一 定是教師,可以是導師 或同學。這樣,教學便

由講授為主、教師導引、自上而下及一對多的 傳統方式,變為小組導修為主、學生導引、小 組合作,和多對多的形式,亦由聆聽為主改為 實踐為主,學習更為主動。」

「『導航者』的製作過程對我影響很大,加 深了我對多媒體的認識,並激發了我對網絡教 學的研究。我雖仍未能獨自編寫多媒體軟件, 但對這極有興趣。我今年的教研工作焦點,都

離不開萬維網數據庫對網絡教學、研究、通訊及出版的影響。」 「在電腦網絡以多媒體輔助教學是廿一世紀教育的大趨勢。校方有先見之明,支

牛脑ሐ柏

「導航者」

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Y-研

持發展網絡教學與研究,使中大走在數碼化科技時代的尖端,不斷改善教學素質,發 揮導航者的作用。電算機服務中心和文學院合作開發『導航者』,是科技與文化結合 的好例子。在此,我要感謝各位參與計劃的同事、老師和同學,以及文學院對計劃的 支持和鼓勵。」 O



大學副監督榮休

大學副監督簡悅強爵士已於本年二 月廿九日榮休,惟將繼續以終身校董身 分,參與大學校董會的工作。

簡悅強爵士與中大的情誼深厚, 可追溯至中大成立之前。他在戰後初 年即協助崇基學院獲得政府認可爲專 上學院,並參與發展崇基在馬料水的 院址。當年簡爵士親自草擬創辦崇基 學院的組織章程,並於一九六四至六 八年擔任崇基學院校董會主席。香港 中文大學於一九六三年成立,崇基學

院成為創校成員書院之一,簡爵士旋 獲委為大學校董,並於一九七一年繼 關祖堯爵士出任大學校董會主席至一 九八二年,同年復膺任大學副監督及 終身校董。

簡爵士在任內充份表現他的領導長 才與愛校熱忱,加速開墾校園,使中大 得以不斷擴充,貢獻卓越。簡爵士運籌 帷幄,領導大學發展,爲中大的校園建 設、學術研究、行政組織,以至國際聯 繫的發展,奠下了鞏固的基礎。

生物系獲撥三百萬元 建立自動分子遺傳分析系統

本校生物系最近獲得研究資助局力. 五至九六年度中央分配撥款二百九十萬 港元,用以建立「自動分子遺傳分析系 統」。

該系統包括核酸純化系統、自動分 子生物學工作站、遺傳分析器 / 基因掃描 器,以及脫氧核糖核酸序列自動分析 儀,可自動完成分子遺傳分析的幾個主 要步驟,如脫氧核糖核酸和核糖核酸的 分離提純、基因分析和脫氧核糖核酸序 列測定。

建立該系統的目的,是為研究人員 提供快速、穩健而又重現性高的先進自 動測試設備,以進行分子遺傳分析。分 子遺傳分析是許多研究工作中的一個重

要步驟,目前均以人手操作為主要手 段,可是,它的程序煩瑣、測試結果不 穩定,並經常遇到各種技術困難。有關 學系開展的研究,從微生物基因到人類 白血病突變,均倚賴準確的分析結果。 自動系統提供高效率和標準化的分析, 對科研裨益甚大。

該系統由本校生物系倡議,並獲浸 大生物系和理大應用生物及化學工藝系 支持。所有儀器設於中大校園,三校的 研究人員均可使用。

此外,研究資助局九六至九七年度 中央分配撥款已開始接受申請,各科研 究小組召集人備有申請資料,同人可向 所屬小組查詢。

張灝談中國近現代思想



蜚聲國際中國近代思想史學家張灝教授(左)於三月十五日主持「張國英 中國近代史講座」,講題爲「轉型時代(一八九五至一九二一年)在中國近現 代思想史上的重要性」。

白石角卸泥填海計劃即將展開 校方設監察小組保護校園環境

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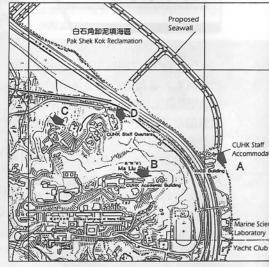
本刊先後於九四年(第五十三及六 十期) 及九五年(第七十一期) 報導關於 政府在白石角的卸泥填海計劃,提及由 於該計劃可能嚴重影響校園環境,校方 曾去函反對。其後,經雙方多輪磋商, 政府以無法覓得其他更合適的選址爲理 由,堅持仍在白石角進行填海計劃;惟 答應採取多項緩解措施,盡量減低工程 對大學之影響,並放棄使用校園道路通 往填海區。大學校董會於過去年半曾詳 細考慮填海計劃對大學校園環境與發展 的影響、政府建議之緩解措施是否足 夠,以及在公眾利益的前提下,大學的 反對最終能否有效;最後決定應政府的 要求,撤回反對。

政府最初於九二年選取香港生物科 技研究院以北毗鄰校園之白石角對開海 域爲卸泥填海區,替代堆填已達飽和的 馬鞍山卸泥區。預計卸泥期八年,可得 土地六十七公頃。惟該處與外界並無直 接通道,故政府原擬借用本校水上活動 中心、海洋科學實驗室及香港生物科技 研究院一帶道路和地段建築新路,供運 泥車往來。

校方估計該項計劃將造成噪音、空 氣和水質等污染,遂要求政府提供詳細 的環境影響評估。政府經顧問公司提供 研究報告,並承諾執行報告所建議的緩 解措施。惟校方認為該等措施仍然未能 符合大學要求,故於九四年十月正式去 函政府提出反對,並向政府高層詳細說 明大學的顧慮。

政府接到反對書後,多次解釋在新 界東北並無更合適的卸泥填海選址,要 求大學撤回反對,否則,便呈請港督會 同行政局批准在該地點進行填海工程。 同時,政府致力尋求紓減該項工程對大 學校園環境的不良影響,去年杪決定放 棄使用校園內之海傍道路,改於馬鞍山 及沙田設碼頭,以船隻運送建築廢料至 堆填區;又同意補償香港生物科技研究 院增置空氣過濾設備及清潔外牆的費 用,並定期提供環境監察報告予大學查 域,並盡快綠化已填平之土地,以減少 閱,與大學保持緊密聯繫。政府並承 塵土飛揚; (二)由獨立環境專家監察填 諾,土木工程署署長及環境保護署署長 海工程的影響,要是填海工程造成超越 須確保各項緩解措施按照最嚴格的標準 標準的環境污染,立即採取補救措施; 貫徹執行。

並作出種種保證,校方若堅持反對,政決;(四)在決定毗鄰大學的土地用途 府可能要求行政局在公眾利益之大前提前,諮詢大學意見,並美化填土區環 下,頒佈行政指令,收回有關土地,以 境;(五)在填土區與校園之間建緩衝 利便填海工程之進行。屆時校園所受影區,保持校園景觀不受影響。



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響可能更大。經詳細考慮各項因素後 校方於上月撤回反對。

校方撤回反對書後,填海工程將於 短期內施工,以便卸泥運作於九七年開 始。校方去年成立的白石角計劃環境監 察小組,亦將密切注視填海工程的進度 及影響。小組成員包括地理系系主任林 健枝教授(召集人)、生物系系主任胡應 劭教授、秘書長梁少光先生、建築處主 任陳尹璇先生、行政事務主任俞靄敏女 士,和保安組主任馬金順先生。該小組 自九五年六月開始收集及記錄校園及塡 海區域於不同時間及季節的空氣質量、 音量和水質等環境資料,作為日後衡量 及監察受填海工程影響的根據。此項工 作將會長期進行,一旦發現填海工程之 影響超越可接受之標準,即通知政府加 強應變緩解措施。校方亦已於王福元 樓、香港生物科技研究院宿舍及海洋科 學實驗室裝置塵埃測量儀器,不久將添 置兩部測量儀,其中一部更會不停運 作,廿四小時監測。

小組召集人林健枝教授呼籲,日後 大學同人倘發現填海工程造成滋擾,或 環境出現任何問題,可直接與該小組聯 絡,小組會立即跟進。陳尹璇先生表 示,政府承諾的緩解措施包括:(一)先 堆填最接近香港生物科技研究院的區 (三)如發現任何未能預見之環境問題, 鑑於政府已提供較合理的解決方案 土木工程署及環境保護署將盡早著手解