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Assistant Editors : Mrs. K. Lee Wan; Miss Florence Chan  Production : Mrs. Alice Ma

Address all Correspondence to the Publication Office, University Secretariat, The Chinese University of Hong Kong, Sha Tin, N.T., Hong Kong
More than 300 people gathered in the Sir Run Run Shaw Hall on Saturday, 11th May 1991 to pay their last respects to the founding vice-chancellor of The Chinese University: Dr. Choh-Ming Li.

Dr. Li passed away on 21st April in Berkeley, California, after a lingering illness. He was 79.

Mrs. Sylvia Li, widow of Dr. Li, made a special trip from the States to attend the memorial service. She was accompanied by her eldest son, Mr. Winston Li, and other family members.

Sir David Wilson, chancellor of the University, was on an overseas trip and sent his aide-de-camp to convey his condolences to Mrs. Li on his behalf.

Other guests included Dr. Li’s close friends and ex-colleagues, University members, representatives from local tertiary institutions, government officials and community leaders. The wreaths they sent were laid against the stage of the hall, which was decorated with rows of white daisies. At the centre of the stage were a huge portrait of Dr. Li and an epitaph written in Chinese. All guests sat quietly while the organist played background music.

The service formally began at 3.00 p.m. with an organ prelude. Mr. Thomas H. C. Cheung and Mr. K. Ma represented the Federation of Alumni Associations of the University and the Student Union to present wreaths. All present rose to bow to Dr. Li’s portrait and observe a minute’s silence in memory of the late vice-chancellor. Eulogies were then delivered by Sir Yuet-Keung Kan, pro-chancellor of the University; Sir Quo-wei Lee, chairman of the University Council; and Prof. Charles K. Kao, vice-chancellor of the University. Prof. Ambrose Y. C. King, pro-vice-chancellor, gave a detailed account of Dr. Li’s life and work, praising his monumental contributions to the University.

A choir made up of over 30 students and alumni of the University sang two anthems: Lord, for Thy tender mercies’ sake and The Lord bless you and keep you. A soprano solo rendition of the Pie Jesu from G. Fauré’s Requiem was given by Miss Clara Yip, an alumnus of the University. Nearing the end of the service, Mr. Winston Li represented the bereaved family to give a vote of thanks and talked about Dr. Li’s role as a father and a family man. The function ended at around 4.15 p.m. with an organ postlude from C. Penfield’s Messe Grégorienne.

A memorial fund will soon be set up by the University to give permanent recognition to Dr. Li’s contributions to the University.
We have come here today to mourn the passing of an educationalist who dedicated his whole life to academic pursuits and learning, someone we all deeply cherish in our memories: our founding vice-chancellor, Dr. Choh-Ming Li.

Achievements in the Early Years

Dr. Li was born on 17th February 1912 in Canton. With a successful manufacturer as their father, Dr. Li and his 10 brothers and sisters all established themselves in the fields of science, medicine, or education. Dr. Li received his secondary education from Pui Ying Middle School in Canton and was once a student of Nanking University. He then furthered his studies in the University of California at Berkeley, and obtained his BA in 1932, MA in 1933 and Ph.D. in 1936.

Dr. Li returned to China at the beginning of the Sino-Japanese War. During wartime he taught at Nankai University in Tien-tsin, at the Southwest Associated Universities, and at Central University, being one of the youngest and most renowned professors of economics at the time. For about two years, he was also on a special mission to the USA, Canada, and the UK to study economic reconstruction issues and to lecture on Chinese economics and culture. After the second World War, he served concurrently as deputy director general of the Chinese National Relief and Rehabilitation Administration; chief delegate to the United Nations Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East; as well as chairman of the Board of Trustees for Rehabilitation Affairs. In 1951, Dr. Li accepted an offer from his Alma Mater, the University of California at Berkeley, to be professor of business administration with concurrent appointments as chairman of the Department of International Business, and director of the Center for Chinese Studies. It was during this period that Dr. Li excelled himself in teaching and research and published two of his masterpieces on contemporary China: *Economic Development of Communist China* and *Statistical System of Communist China*. Under his able leadership, the Center for Chinese Studies achieved much success and enjoyed much fame as a key centre in North America for studies about China.

Founding a New University

In 1962, Dr. Li was invited by the Hong Kong Government to serve as a member of the first Fulton Commission, which subsequently recommended the establishment of a second university in Hong Kong. That was an epoch-making event in the history of local tertiary education, and the task of masterminding this important project fell upon Dr. Li’s Rehabilitation Conferences and to the United Nations Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East; as well as chairman of the Board of Trustees for Rehabilitation Affairs. In 1951, Dr. Li accepted an offer from his Alma Mater, the University of California at Berkeley, to be professor of business administration with concurrent appointments as chairman of the Department of International Business, and director of the Center for Chinese Studies. It was during this period that Dr. Li excelled himself in teaching and research and published two of his masterpieces on contemporary China: *Economic Development of Communist China* and *Statistical System of Communist China*. Under his able leadership, the Center for Chinese Studies achieved much success and enjoyed much fame as a key centre in North America for studies about China.
shoulders. Dr. Li, however, much enjoyed his work in the States and turned down the offer at first. But he finally accepted the challenge at the earnest prompting of various parties. The University of California at Berkeley, at the request of both the governments in London and Washington D.C., then granted Dr. Li a most exceptional and indeed unprecedented 10-year leave of absence, where formerly the absolute rule had been two years at the maximum. So, in 1963, Dr. Li became the first vice-chancellor of the new Chinese University, and also the first scholar of Chinese origin ever to become vice-chancellor of a local university.

Fifteen Years of Hard Work

The formative years were of course the most difficult years, but Dr. Li was never daunted by any difficulty. On the contrary, the more difficult the task, the more determined he was to carry it out. He postponed time after time his return to the States upon the expiration of the leave period. In fact, he didn’t return until 15 years later. Dr. Li said, ‘I stayed because I wanted to take up the challenge. To build a new university from scratch in the latter half of the 20th century was indeed a very big challenge.’ As expected, Dr. Li succeeded in overcoming all difficulties. Within 15 years, a barren hill top in Ma Liu Shui was transformed into a picturesque and famous university town on the hills, and the University became a higher education institution of international repute. Dr. Li had not only built The Chinese University, he had brought about a completely new outlook for higher education in Hong Kong.

Lofty Education Ideals

When Dr. Li agreed to head the new university, he set his mind on an ideal. He dreamt of building a modern international university for the Chinese people. Dr. Li himself had first-hand experience of the education traditions both in China and the West, and he fully appreciated the merits of the university systems in the UK and the USA. However, he wanted to avoid indiscriminate patterning after the Western model, which many universities in Asia were doing. His ideal university was one that could combine the best of both the East and the West, and one that was designed to cater for the unique requirements of Hong Kong. He fully understood and respected the diversity of the University’s three constituent colleges: New Asia upholding the Confucian concept of education, Chung Chi being Christian in outlook, and United being Hong Kong-oriented in its pragmatic approach to education. All through his vice-chancellorship Dr. Li tried his best to cement their complementary characteristics and to achieve a new synthesis. Dr. Li emphasized the University’s international character when he was officially inaugurated vice-chancellor of the University in 1964, while his inaugural speech was delivered eloquently in Chinese. He said repeatedly, ‘The Chinese University will not be a British university, nor will it be a “Chinese” university or an American university. It will be an institution of international character.’ Dr. D.C. Williams, president of the University of Western Ontario in the 1970s, described Dr. Li as ‘an internationalist who, in his person, exemplifies the meeting of East and West.’

What Dr. Li aspired to do was in fact to make the University a bridge not only between the East and the West, but also between modernity and tradition. With such an ideal in mind, he stressed right from the beginning the principle of bilingualism in the University’s teaching and research activities. He always said that the University’s name carries a
special meaning: it implies a mission not only to cultivate the Chinese cultural heritage, but also to promote and promulgate Chinese culture. In 1974 when he was awarded the Elsey and Walter A. Haas International Award by the University of California, his citation read, 'Under your guidance, The Chinese University of Hong Kong is evolving into a unique centre for the study of contemporary China; an institution of higher learning dedicated to enriching Chinese civilization everywhere.' That was a compliment Dr. Li well deserved.

Qualities that Help Transform Ideals into Reality

Dr. Li was not only a person with lofty ideals, he was one with the ability to turn his ideals into reality. If you care to read the three reports he wrote as vice-chancellor of the University: The First Six Years: 1963-69, The Emerging University: 1970-74, and A New Era Begins: 1975-78, you will see how Dr. Li managed step by step to do it. The first 15 years of the University were strewn with obstacles of all sorts but Dr. Li was always optimistic, positive, and full of confidence. In 1967, for example, the University's development plans were nearly aborted because of the riots in Hong Kong. At this crucial moment, Dr. Li urged the Hong Kong Government to declare its firm decision to go ahead with the building of the new campus for The Chinese University in Sha Tin to demonstrate its commitment to Hong Kong. That was precisely what the government did, and with hindsight, we all know how correct Dr. Li had been.

Dr. Li had a very exciting and many-faceted life, but I'm sure THE event of his life was his founding of The Chinese University of Hong Kong, a task which both taxed and exemplified his potentials to the full. Dr. Li was a tremendously energetic person with strong determination and will power. He used to say, 'Either you don't take it up or you try your best to carry it through.' He would not allow obstacles to block his way: he overcame them. Neither would he back down under pressure or be deterred by setbacks. After work, he liked to play tennis and bridge. He also practised Chinese calligraphy to relax and to regain his peace of mind. The Chinese name of the University in six characters at the main entrance, written by Dr. Li, clearly reflect his inner strength and poise. It was also Dr. Li's hobby to read and study Chinese dictionaries, a pastime that could relieve him of the pressure from work and help him achieve internal balance. What resulted from such a pastime over the years was the voluminous Li's Chinese Dictionary he compiled, which is good proof of his versatility and his exceptional ability.

The most admirable quality Dr. Li exhibited in the 15 years of his vice-chancellorship, however, was not so much his dynamism that turned a barren hill top into a university town. It was rather his persuasiveness and his ability to convince other people that he could build a university that all Chinese could be proud of. That was also why Dr. Li was oftentimes regarded as a most capable fund-raiser, and why the new university enjoyed so much support from so many in Hong Kong.

Numerous Awards and Honours

The Chinese University of Hong Kong in Dr. Li's vision was certainly not a conventional 'Chinese' university. And Dr. Li was certainly not a vice-chancellor that can be measured by conventional standards. He was at once a scholar, an entrepreneur, and a general manager. He was Chinese in his feelings and global in his vision. His sagacity, ability, and accomplishments made him a world-class university vice-chancellor. They also won him numerous awards and honours from universities and important organizations worldwide. These include honorary doctorates from the University of Hong Kong (1967), University of Michigan (1967), Marquette University (1969),
University of Pittsburgh (1969), and University of Western Ontario (1970). He was elected honorary member of the International Mark Twain Society in 1977 and awarded the Elsie and Walter A. Haas International Award (1974), to be followed by the Clark Kerr Award (1980), both by the University of California at Berkeley. Dr. Li was also Life Fellow of the Royal Economic Society and the Royal Society of Arts. He received from the Queen the CBE (Hon) in 1967 and KBE (Hon) in 1973. In recognition of his monumental contributions to this institution, The Chinese University conferred upon him the degree of doctor of laws, *honoris causa*, in 1978, and named the building for the basic medical sciences after him.

**Gardener of the University**

All these honours Dr. Li truly deserved, but what gave him the greatest consolation and satisfaction was knowing that his efforts in nurturing the young scholars were not made in vain. He said, ‘I well remember how deeply moved I was to see the very first graduate stand before the chancellor for the conferment of the degree.’ At the farewell party for Dr. Li in 1978, the president of the student union affectionately called Dr. Li the ‘gardener’ of the University as he bade farewell to the outgoing vice-chancellor on behalf of the students.

Dr. Li was indeed the great gardener of our university. What he planted and carefully nurtured is an international institution dedicated to the business of education, which requires long-term commitment. His successors have carried on his good work and the University has continued to grow. Today when we look around the campus, we see students not only from Hong Kong but from many other parts of the world. Over a once barren hill top more than 100 buildings have been erected on this 330-acre campus. They are decorated with trees and plants here and there and the aura and freedom of the academia permeates the whole establishment. How it harmonizes with the charming Tolo Harbour and the virile Ma On Shan to form a most beautiful picture.

**Life in Retirement**

After his retirement from The Chinese University, Dr. Li returned to his teaching post at the University of California in Berkeley, and was reunited with the rest of his family. Dr. Li’s three children were by then all accomplished professionals. A new turn in his career however began when China opened its doors for a modernization programme. Dr. Li was invited many times to visit China to help the government develop its economic studies and business administration programmes. He flew frequently between the States and China and never complained about the hectic schedule. But soon, his health deteriorated to such an extent that he could afford such trips no longer. In recent years, he was confined to his residence most of the time, but he much enjoyed his life with his grandchild around.

**To be Forever Remembered**

On 21st April this year, Dr. Li passed away in Berkeley at the age of 79. Staff and students mourned deeply on receiving the sad news, and today we gather here to pay our respects to this great gardener of ours. Mrs. Li and Dr. Li’s eldest son Winston, have come all the way from the States to join us in our grief and we want to extend to them our condolences. Mrs. Li has been a loving wife and a kind mother and it was she who witnessed with Dr. Li the birth and growth of The Chinese University, and who provided the strongest support for Dr. Li’s endeavours which turned his ideals into reality. I’m sure Mrs. Li will agree with us that The Chinese University itself is the best and most enduring memorial to Dr. Li. Through this university he shall live with us forever.
Today we attend this memorial service with the saddest of hearts. We have all been grieved by the news of Dr. Choh-Ming Li’s passing away in California. At the inception of The Chinese University in the early sixties I had the opportunity to work closely with Dr. Li on the University Council, thereby establishing our long-lasting friendship. To me, his departure represents the loss of a much-loved friend.

Dr. Li recognized some 30 years ago the need to actively develop tertiary education in Hong Kong to provide the necessary manpower resources for societal growth. He believed that the newly established Chinese University should take on the important mission of educating the youth in Hong Kong, cultivating in them an understanding of their Chinese heritage, and promoting the interaction between Chinese and Western cultures. The University has worked towards such a goal over the past 30 years. The high international standing that the University now enjoys in the world of learning, and the outstanding achievements of its many graduates are all results of Dr. Li’s idealism and foresight, which we all admire.

During those 15 years that Dr. Li and I served on the University Council, I was deeply impressed by the contributions he made to the developments in education, commerce and industry. Not only was he a hard working educationalist dedicated to the blending of Chinese and Western cultures, he was also a dynamic and capable leader, as well as an outstanding economist.

Dr. Li retired as vice-chancellor of The Chinese University in 1978. I can still remember the farewell party held in honour of Dr. and Mrs. Li in September of that year, when all present praised his inexhaustible energy and tremendous vitality in developing strategic plans for the University, laying a solid foundation for its growth and future expansion. On that same occasion he was affectionately nicknamed ‘Mr. Energy’. Today, when we look around the campus, we can find legacies of Dr. Li’s hard work practically everywhere. All these will reinforce our fond remembrance of the University’s founding vice-chancellor.

Dr. Li was Confucian in his outlook: he set high standards for himself but was lenient with other people. In his address on the 26th Anniversary of Chung Chi College in 1977, he shared with faculty and students his understanding of and his belief in two Christian tenets: humanity and humility. Those who knew Dr. Li well were impressed by his humaneness and modesty. What makes him even more memorable, however, is his love of life itself and his devotion to his family. On many a trying situation during his vice-chancellorship, he overcame all difficulties and dedicated himself body and soul to the well-being of the University, always with Mrs. Li’s support and encouragement as a driving force behind him. After his retirement, he continued to travel between the USA and China, with Mrs. Li accompanying him all the time, to work for the education of young people in both places. Dr. Li’s insistence on seeing things through from beginning to end and his selfless dedication to the nurturing of the younger generation have always inspired awe and respect.

At the passing away of Dr. Li we lose a veteran leader in higher education locally and internationally, and those of us who worked with him in the difficult times during the formative years of the University feel the loss most acutely. Sir David Wilson, chancellor of the University, now on official duties overseas, is not able to attend today’s service in person. He has, however, sent his aide-de-camp to pay respects to Dr. Li on his behalf, and has asked me to convey his condolences to Mrs. Li.

Let us now all pay tribute to the achievements of Dr. Choh-Ming Li, a vice-chancellor who was most loved and respected. Here, with a grievous heart, I wish to pay my last respects to Dr. Li and convey my deepest sympathy to his family and relatives.
Today we gather here to mourn the passing of Dr. Choh-Ming Li, founding vice-chancellor of The Chinese University of Hong Kong. As Dr. Li’s close friend and colleague for almost 30 years, may I avail myself of this opportunity to recount for you his life and his significant contributions to the development of higher education in Hong Kong, and to The Chinese University in particular.

Back in 1962 the Hong Kong Government appointed the first Fulton Commission to study the feasibility of establishing a second university in Hong Kong. Dr. Li, then professor of business administration and director of the Center for Chinese Studies at the University of California at Berkeley, was invited as the first Chinese member to join the commission, with a view to creating more opportunities for Hong Kong’s young people who aspired to pursue higher education. One year afterwards, in 1963, The Chinese University of Hong Kong was founded on the recommendation of the Fulton Commission, and Dr. Li gave up his career in the States and returned to Hong Kong to take up the challenge of building a new university here. This appointment was particularly meaningful because Dr. Li was the first Chinese ever to become vice-chancellor of a university in Hong Kong.

As we all know, the new Chinese University originated from three separate post-secondary colleges, each with its own history and management structure. What Dr. Li successfully did in the early years was to amalgamate these colleges into a cohesive institution with a common goal. That was no small feat, but it was one which he accomplished with sagacity and tact, which we all admire. Dr. Li was also farsighted enough to appreciate that in a basically Chinese society Hong Kong’s education system should be rooted in Chinese culture. Local higher education, he firmly believed, should be based on Chinese studies and the propagation of Chinese culture, while emphasizing continuous interaction with the West and the application of scientific methodology. In so doing the educational goal of blending Chinese and Western cultures and keeping abreast with the times could be achieved.

Dr. Li served as vice-chancellor for a long period, 15 years, during which the University grew rapidly under his able leadership. In the first few years of its existence, for example, the University had no campus of its own. It was through Dr. Li’s tremendous efforts, which were staunchly supported by Sir Cho-Yiu Kwan, Dr. R.C. Lee and many other council members, that a site of 330 acres in Ma Liu Shui was secured from the government for the University to develop its campus. What Dr. Li managed to do next was to raise a very substantial amount of money through donations from governments, local and overseas foundations, as well as the business community, to finance the construction of university facilities. Anyone who has witnessed the transformation of a barren hill top to a well developed university town will realize how much was involved in the process and fully appreciate Dr. Li’s efforts. Dr. Li’s work did not,
Eulogy by Sir Quo-wei Lee, Chairman of University Council, CUHK

however, stop at this. He further solicited major donations from community-spirited locals to establish faculty development funds and build various academic and research units — the Art Gallery, the Chinese Medicinal Material Research Centre, and the MBA Programmes, just to name a few. These have enriched the University’s programme and contributed to its multi-faceted development.

Not only was Dr. Li a world renowned educationalist, he was also a specialist in business administration, economics, and studies about Chinese economic and cultural developments. On these subjects he published extensively. As vice-chancellor of The Chinese University, Dr. Li also took the lead to advocate the introduction of the Chinese dimension in the study of various academic disciplines.

Dr. Li recognized talent when he saw it and was most respectful to the learned. At his invitation many accomplished scholars and outstanding professionals joined the faculty. They have all contributed to the University’s academic success and helped to enhance its international standing.

Many may remember that Dr. Li had a passion for Chinese art and culture. In his spare time he practised Chinese calligraphy and was an accomplished calligraphist himself. He also spent a lot of time studying the phonetics and semantics of Chinese characters and compiled a Chinese dictionary, a project which bore testimony to both his scholarship and perseverance.

Thirteen years have passed since Dr. Li retired from the vice-chancellorship. What he aspired so fervently to achieve in the early days, that is, to make the University a truly bilingual educational institution of international repute, has been realized stage by stage. His educational ideals will still be the University’s guiding principles in its future development. While Dr. Li has left us for good, his indomitable spirit is something we shall all remember and imitate, and the accomplishments he left behind will endure for generations to come.

Now allow me to quote from a citation for Dr. Li on the occasion of his being conferred an honorory doctorate by this university. It reads, 'In pursuance of his educational goal of seeking a meaningful interaction between Chinese and Western cultures, Dr. Li spared no effort in cultivating effective cooperation with Asian and Western universities with the help of foreign governments and foundations.' This is indeed a truthful description of Dr. Li. All his life, Dr. Li worked for higher education, Chinese culture, and social progress. I have yet another quotation, from Mencius, to describe this great and respectable educationalist. Mencius said, 'A man lives in the spacious dwelling, occupies the proper position, and goes along the highway of the Empire.' This man is Dr. Choh-Ming Li.

Finally, I wish to represent all members of the University Council to pay our last respects to Dr. Li and to convey our condolences to Mrs. Li and other members of the bereaved family.
Twenty-one years ago, at the invitation of Dr. Choh-Ming Li, I returned to Hong Kong from the UK to take up the post of reader and then professor of electronics and the task of establishing an Electronics Department in the University. In the four ensuing years, I had many opportunities to learn from and about Dr. Li himself. Today, when I recall his graceful demeanour and his sincerity in dealing with people, I cannot but grieve deeply over the loss of this good friend and mentor of mine.

Dr. Li devoted his life to education and scholarly pursuits, and is a remarkable example for all of us working in the field of education. Prof. Ambrose King just now told us about Dr. Li's life and achievements, which I do not intend to repeat. What strikes me most about Dr. Li, in fact, is his drive, which persisted even after his retirement. Not only did he continue to teach upon his return to Berkeley, at the age of 70 he was still travelling between the shores of the Pacific, taking up honorary professorships in major universities in China, and serving on the Board of Trustees of the Asian Institute of Technology in Bangkok. Only in recent years did he take advice not to go on long journeys for health reasons. In any case, several decades of hard work have brought him numerous friends and students all over the world, who, on learning the sad news of his passing away, have been grief-stricken. All of them will deeply cherish the memory of this great educationalist.

Dr. Li once said, 'I well remember how deeply moved I was to see the very first graduate stand before the Chancellor for the conferment of the degree.' When he said this he was referring to the congregation in 1964 when the University produced its first batch of 180 graduates. By 1978 when Dr. Li retired as vice-chancellor, the number had already increased to 1,004. To demonstrate how Dr. Li was loved and respected by his students, let me now quote from a speech delivered by the president of the student union at Dr. Li's farewell party. The quotation reads: 'In these 15 years, Dr. Li has successfully overcome many problems. Now the University is established, and from what used to be a barren hill has risen a university town, for which Dr. Li has worked so hard. ... All these years, Dr. Li has cared for the students of the University as if they were his own children.' Over the years the University has produced numerous alumni. Some are seated here today in this hall. Hardworking and dedicated, they are making contributions in their different roles both locally and overseas, and have different accomplishments. Had Dr. Li had the chance to learn of their achievements after graduation, he would have been most proud and gratified.

Dr. Li was a farsighted and capable leader with tremendous dynamism. Under his able leadership, the University developed on the sound foundation of three constituent colleges, to become a thriving modern university of high standing, all within 15 years.

In the area of academic development, Dr. Li expanded the established faculties and departments to accommodate original programmes in the humanities, social sciences and natural sciences, and facilitated their further consolidation. He also introduced professional disciplines such as education, business administration, social work, electronics and medicine. He exhorted all faculty members and students to attach equal importance to studies of Chinese and Western cultures and to the acquisition of knowledge about modern sciences. Only thus, he believed, could they break new ground in the advancement of knowledge. Moreover, he actively encouraged the setting up of research institutes for interdisciplinary research and the publication of research findings to serve societal needs. He was one of the first in this part of the world to advocate these educational goals and ideals.

Dr. Li's significant contributions to the building of this university will be forever remembered by all of us. He laid a firm foundation for the growth of the University and set the right direction for its future development. Let us propagate and carry out his ideals and strive for further progress.

On behalf of all faculty members, staff and students of the University, may I now express our greatest respect and deep mourning for Dr. Choh-Ming Li, and convey our condolences to Mrs. Li and other members of the bereaved family.

On behalf of the University I would also like to thank the chancellor of the University for sending his aide-de-camp here to pay respects to Dr. Li on his behalf, and to thank all council members, alumni, and guests for coming here today to attend this memorial service.
Dr. Choh-Ming Li as a Father

Extracts from the Vote of Thanks by Mr. Winston Li

Today we have heard about the many careers of Dr. Choh-Ming Li, but no discussion of his life would be complete without mentioning his role as a family man, for it was as a loving father that he was known to me, his eldest, and to my younger sister and brother, and toward the end as a happy grandfather to my 5.5 month old nephew Cary, who came along just in time to brighten the twilight of my father’s life.

Of course Cary today is too young to remember his grandfather. He will hear from me that his grandfather was generous and fair to his children. He had that rare wisdom of non-interference with his children’s lives and immense patience to give us room to grow, but he also let us know that he would always be there for us when and if we needed him. His advice was never given freely, but it was there whenever we sought it. He was quick and generous with his approval and just as quickly we would feel his disapproval. Although he would not confront us, we always knew whether we were doing the right thing. From the beginning he just always seemed to have a plan, a vision for us, just like he had always had one for his beloved Chinese University of Hong Kong.

We have learned from his public achievements that my father had a tremendous will to succeed, and he carried that will into his private life, too. Be it in physical games like tennis or mental games like bridge, he would always play to his fullest ability to try to beat us. Of course he did not always win, but it was not from lack of trying. He would never give up. I know this first hand, because many times he had turned the scores against me from my seemingly invincible positions. He just never deviated from his will to win.

And so, it is his vision, and his will to win, that have become his legacies to his children. And we will pass these legacies on to his grandchild.

In Memory of Dr. C. M. Li
New Council Member

Mr. Thomas H.C. Cheung has recently been elected a member of the University Council for three years from 20th March 1991.

Mr. Cheung is chairman of the Pacific Group and honorary consul for Sri Lanka in Hong Kong. He has been a member of the Board of Trustees of United College for many years and is actively involved in the University’s alumni activities, currently serving as the president of the University’s Federation of Alumni Associations. Mr. Cheung has also made significant contributions to education through his donations to this university for student activities, and to the Federation of Alumni Associations for the establishment of a kindergarten, a primary school, and a secondary school.

Vice-Chancellor Honoured by Soka University

Prof. Charles K. Kao was recently awarded an honorary doctorate by the Soka University, Japan in recognition of his achievements in the field of electrical engineering, and his significant contributions to the development of higher education and the promotion of academic exchange between Soka University and The Chinese University.

The conferment ceremony took place on 5th April during Prof. Kao’s visit to Soka University. During the same visit, the vice-chancellor signed a new agreement for academic exchange between Soka University and The Chinese University. The first exchange agreement between the two universities was signed in 1975.

US$6 Million Donation for Research on South China, Hong Kong and Taiwan

The University recently received a donation of US$6 million to carry out a joint research programme with Yale University.

The donation has been pledged by two local business magnates: Dr. Cheng Yu Tung and Dr. Lee Shau Kee. They are long-time benefactors of the University and have made important contributions towards educational and cultural developments in Hong Kong.

The research programme will focus on studies of South China, Hong Kong and Taiwan. It will be administered by the Council of East Asian Studies at Yale and the Hong Kong Institute of Asia Pacific Studies at The Chinese University. The two institutions will work together to promote a broader and better understanding of Hong Kong and its neighbours, and to explore how Hong Kong can improve its competitive edge, maintain its political stability, and develop a mutually beneficial relationship with South China and nearby regions.

The donation will enable the Yale-CUHK programme to invite important scholars to participate in the research activities, to provide fellowships for doctoral students, to employ experienced researchers and lecturers in related subjects, to build up useful library collections, and to finance academic conferences.
Successful Paediatric Bone Marrow Transplants

Three bone marrow transplant operations were successfully performed by paediatricians of the University at the Prince of Wales Hospital.

The first paediatric bone marrow transplant patient in Hong Kong is a 14-year-old Chinese girl. She suffered from chronic myeloid leukaemia, which is not curable by conventional drug therapy. Bone marrow transplant is perhaps the best and the only cure.

Prior to the operation which took place on 6th February, the patient was placed in a germ free environment (laminar flow unit) for more than a week. After the operation, she was found to be in satisfactory condition and stayed in the hospital for 90 days, until there was evidence of a graft. The girl is now convalescing in a flat provided by the Social Welfare Department pending the full recovery of her immune system, which should take place within a year.

The second operation was performed on a 10-year-old girl on 25th March, and the third one on a 14.5-year-old boy on 22nd May. Both operations have achieved initial successes. Together, these operations represent the first attempts at bone marrow transplant for children in Hong Kong.

More Victories for CUHK Debaters

The University’s student debaters achieved impressive successes in three different debating contests held between February and March 1991.

The Mandarin debating team first triumphed over their opponents from the National Taiwan University in an intervarsity debate held on 10th February at New Town Plaza, Sha Tin. Mr. Cheung Leong on the CUHK team also won the best speaker award. The topic for the debate was ‘Environmental protection hinders the progress of civilization’, and the CUHK team was arguing against the motion.

The Cantonese debating team then beat its Hong Kong University counterpart in the final of the Inter-postsecondary Debate held on 10th March at the Victoria Park. To enhance the impromptu nature of the debate, the topic – ‘There should be representatives from China in the Provisional Airport Authority’ – was disclosed to the contestants six hours before the debate. The CUHK team was speaking against the motion and won by a margin of four to one. That was the team’s third victory in the same contest in three years.

Two weeks later on 23rd March, another victory was achieved by the University’s English debating team in the 20th Intervarsity Debating Contest between the University of Hong Kong and The Chinese University. The debate was held at the Sir Run Run Shaw Hall and the motion – ‘That LegCo should reject the proposed 200 per cent increase in cigarette tax’ – was disclosed to the two teams only 60 minutes before the debate. The CUHK team was again on the opposition side and won by a margin of three to two. Mr. Thomas Leung on the team was also selected best speaker in the contest.

HKIB/Syntex Ltd. Established

The Hong Kong Institute of Biotechnology (HKIB) recently signed an agreement with the Syntex Pharmaceuticals International Limited to establish a joint company to conduct pharmaceutical research.

The new company, HKIB/Syntex Limited, will set up a research facility in Hong Kong to screen synthetic and natural compounds for their potential as novel pharmaceutical products. Two research institutes of the Chinese Academy of Sciences are also key participants in this programme.

The project represents the first tripartite collaboration on pharmaceutical research between Hong Kong, mainland China and the USA, and is a significant step in the development of a pharmaceutical industry in Hong Kong.
Wei Lun Lectures 1990-91

Three famous scholars visited the University between January and April 1991 as Wei Lun Visiting Professors and conducted a series of lectures under the Wei Lun Visiting Professorship/Fellowship Programme:

Prof. John C.K. Chu

Prof. John C.K. Chu, professor of applied physics at Columbia University, New York, gave two talks on 8th and 9th January about computational engineering. He described some of the recent advances in engineering procedures such as grid generation, computational fluid dynamics, optimization and sensitivity analysis, which are all based on the intensive use of the computer. He also explained the basic mathematical principles involved and discussed problems related to actual application.

Prof. Chu’s major research interests include applied mathematics, plasma physics fluid dynamics and large-scale computing.

Prof. Lucian W. Pye

Prof. Lucian W. Pye, Ford Professor of Political Science at Massachusetts Institute of Technology, gave two lectures on the theme of Chinese nationalism and modernization on 9th and 11th January.

Prof. Wang Yuan

Prof. Wang Yuan, a leading authority on mathematics in China, delivered a lecture entitled ‘Mathematics in China – present situation and development’ on 27th April.

Prof. Wang compared the numbers of mathematicians, mathematical publications, and library facilities in China during different periods over the past 40 years, and discussed the achievements and influence of eminent Chinese mathematicians. He also analysed the problems facing China in her attempts to promote the development of mathematics in the country.

Prof. Wang Yuan is at present president of the Chinese Mathematical Society. He was director of the Institute of Mathematics, Academia Sinica from 1984 to 1987. His research on the famous mathematical problems ‘the Goldbach Conjecture’ and ‘Diophantine Equations’ has won international acclaim.

Professorial Inaugural Lectures

Four professorial inaugural lectures were given from January to April 1991:

* Prof. Kenneth Young, professor of physics, delivered his inaugural lecture entitled ‘Disorder and Dissipation in Physics’ on 22nd March 1991.

The Li and Fung Lecture on Commerce and Industry
Prof. Ezra Vogel, Henry Ford II Professor of the Social Sciences, Harvard University, was invited by the University’s MBA Programmes as the guest speaker of the Fifth Li and Fung Lecture on Commerce and Industry, which took place on 4th April in the Hong Kong Convention and Exhibition Centre.

A specialist on modern China and Japan, Prof. Vogel spoke on ‘Reintegration of the Hong Kong and the Guangdong Economy’.

The Li and Fung Lecture Programme was established in 1981 under the auspices of the MBA Programmes and has been financed by an endowment fund set up by the Li and Fung Group of Companies in commemoration of its 75th anniversary.

Professorial Appointments
The University has appointed the following new professors:

Professor of English
Prof. Andrew Terence Leonard Parkin has been appointed as professor of English from 2nd January 1991.

Prof. Parkin graduated from Cambridge University and pursued further studies in drama at Bristol University. He received his Ph.D. degree in 1969.

Prof. Parkin acquired extensive teaching experience in adult education centres and universities in the UK and in Hong Kong during the sixties. He joined the Department of English of the University of British Columbia, Canada in 1970 and was promoted to professorship in 1988.

Professor of Electronic Engineering
Prof. Ian Howard Wilson has been appointed as professor of electronic engineering from 2nd January 1991.

Prof. Wilson received his B.Sc. and Ph.D. degrees from the University of Reading, UK in 1962 and 1966 respectively. He then served as research fellow in the Department of Physics of Sussex University, and as head of research and development and chief metallurgist of Engelhard Industries Ltd. He joined the Department of Electronic and Electrical Engineering of the University of Surrey in 1971 and was promoted to reader in 1986. In 1987-88, he was distinguished visiting professor of the Physics Department of Arizona State University, USA.

Professor of Operations and Systems Management
Prof. Eden Siu-hung Yu has been appointed as professor of operations and systems management from 2nd January 1991.

Prof. Yu graduated with a B.S.Sc. degree from The Chinese University of Hong Kong in 1968. He received his MS degree from Southern Illinois University in 1970, and his MA and Ph.D. degrees from Washington University in 1974 and 1976 respectively. He was an associate economist in the Midwest Research Institute in Kansas City from 1974 to 1976. He started his teaching career in the University of Oklahoma in 1976 as an assistant professor in the Department of Economics. He joined Louisiana State University in 1984 and was promoted to professor of economics in 1985, and Gulf Coast Bottling Distinguished Professor of Business Administration in 1988.

Professor of Community and Family Medicine
Prof. Owen Llewelyn Lloyd has been appointed as professor of community and family medicine from 9th January 1991.

Prof. Lloyd has wide academic interests. From 1959 to 1978 he obtained from the University of Edinburgh various qualifications in different fields: MA, Dip.Ed., M.B. Ch.B., B.Sc., Ph.D., Dip.Com.Med., and MD.
Prof. Lloyd joined the Department of Physiology of his alma mater in 1968, and served as a Fellow in Community Medicine, Lothian Health Board in 1974. In 1977, he took up a teaching post in the Dundee University, where he stayed for about 13 years, teaching first in the Department of Community and Occupational Medicine and then in the Wolfson Institute of Occupational Health, Department of Community Medicine.

Professor of Pharmacology

Prof. Robert L. Jones has been appointed as professor of pharmacology from 21st January 1991.

Prof. Jones obtained his B.Pharm. and Ph.D. degrees from the University of London in UK in 1967 and 1970 respectively. Upon graduation, he joined the University of Edinburgh as lecturer and was promoted to readership in 1977.

Professor of Systems Engineering

Prof. Vincent Lum has been appointed as professor of systems engineering from 25th March 1991.

Prof. Lum graduated from the University of Toronto, Canada in 1960. He obtained his MS degree in electrical engineering from the University of Washington in 1961, and his Ph.D. degree from the University of Illinois in 1966.

Prof. Lum joined the IBM in 1962, first as associate engineer, and then as research worker. From 1973 to 1985, he served as project manager of various procedure automation and information management projects in the company. Prior to joining this university, he was professor of computer science in the Naval Postgraduate School, USA for six years.

UPGC Appointments

A Research Grants Council was established under the aegis of the University and Polytechnic Grants Committee (UPGC) on 1st January 1991. Prof. Thomas Mak of the University has been appointed a member of the council and four other members of the University have been appointed to serve on three different subject panels: Prof. Ambrose King, on the Humanities and Social Sciences Panel; Prof. Kenneth Young, on the Physical Sciences and Engineering Panel; Prof. S.T. Chang and Dr. Julian Critchley, on the Biology and Medicine Panel. They will all serve for a term of two years from 1st January 1991.

University Members Serving on External Committees:

The following members of the University have been appointed/reappointed by His Excellency the Governor to serve on various boards and committees:

* Dr. Agnes Ng, senior lecturer in social work, has been appointed a member of the Social Welfare Advisory Committee for one year from 1st December 1990.

* Prof. Rance Pui-leung Lee, professor of sociology, has been appointed a member of the Working Party on Rehabilitation Policies and Services from January 1991.

* Dr. Fanny M.C. Cheung, senior lecturer in psychology, has been appointed a member of the Working Party on Rehabilitation Policies and Services. She has also been appointed a member of the Sha Tin District Board from 1st April 1991 to 30th September 1994.

* Mr. Tsim Tak-lung, director of The Chinese University Press, has been appointed a member of the Education Commission for one year from 1st January 1991.

* Prof. Yeung Yue-man, professor of geography, has been appointed a member of the management board of the Kowloon-Canton Railway Corporation for two years from 1st February 1991. He has also been appointed to serve on the Town Planning Board for one year from 1st April 1991.

* Prof. David Gwilt, professor of music, has been appointed a member of the Council for the Performing Arts for two years from 1st April 1991.

* Prof. P.C. Leung, professor of orthopaedics and traumatology, has been reappointed to the Council of the City Polytechnic of Hong Kong for three years from 1st January 1991.

* Dr. Stephen Tang, lecturer in sociology, has been appointed adjudicator of the Immigration Tribunal for two years from 1st March 1991.
* Prof. Arthur K.C. Li, professor of surgery, has been reappointed a member of the Committee on Science and Technology from March 1991.

* Mr. Andrew Wong Wang-fat, lecturer in government and public administration, has been reappointed a member of the Economic Review Committee from 1st February to 30th September 1991.

* Mr. William Wan Hon-cheung, alumni affairs officer, has been appointed to serve on the Town Planning Board for one year from 1st April 1991. He has also been appointed a member of the Sai Kung District Board from 1st April 1991 to 30th September 1994.

* The following staff members have been appointed to serve on various training boards/committees of the Vocational Training Council for two years from 1st April 1991:
  - Dr. Leung Wai-yin, lecturer in journalism and communication, on the Advertising, Public Relations and Publishing Training Board.
  - Mr. Hsu Dan-lin, lecturer in finance, on the Banking Training Board.
  - Dr. Ching Pak-chung, lecturer in electronic engineering, on the Electronics Industry Training Board.
  - Dr. Joseph M. Chan, lecturer in journalism and communication, on the Journalism Training Board.
  - Dr. Charles F. Steilen, senior lecturer in marketing, on the Committee on Management and Supervisory Training.
  - Dr. Chan Sin-wai, senior lecturer in translation, on the Committee on Translation.

**International Conferences**

* The Department of Philosophy hosted an international conference on ‘Analytic Philosophy and the Philosophy of Language’ from 7th to 12th March 1991.


* The eighth annual sports science conference on ‘Development of Sports Culture’ was jointly organized by the University’s Hong Kong Centre of Sports Medicine and Sports Science, the Physical Education Unit and the Department of Extramural Studies, together with the Amateur Sports Federation and Olympic Committee of Hong Kong, and the Hong Kong Sports Development Board, on 23rd March.

**Art Gallery Exhibition**

The Art Gallery mounted an exhibition of ‘The Art of the Gao Brothers of the Lingnan School’ at the west wing galleries from 6th April to 12th May. Some 80 paintings by Gao Jianfu, Gao Qifeng and Gao Jianseng were displayed, with emphasis on the works of Jianfu, the eldest of the three.

Gao Jianfu (1879-1951) first studied painting with Ju Lian, a co-founder of the Geshan School. But later, inspired by contemporary Japanese paintings, he dedicated himself to the ‘New Chinese Painting Movement’, which aimed at reforming the traditional painting style. He established a powerful and expressionistic personal style and founded the influential Lingnan School. Both Qifeng (1889-1933) and Jianseng (1895-1916), his younger brothers, were influenced by his style and attained equal prominence. Collectively they have been known as the ‘Three Gao’s or the ‘Gao Brothers’.

**Obituary**

Sir Sydney Caine, a member of the University’s Advisory Board on Social Science and Business Administration since 1964, and formerly director of the London School of Economics and Political Science, passed away on 2nd January 1991 in the UK.
May I wish you all a Happy Chinese New Year. I trust that the Year of the Ram will bode well for Hong Kong and for The Chinese University of Hong Kong.

As you all know, within the next four years, we shall expand by over 40 per cent to become a much larger university of 11,500 students. In anticipation of the rapid expansion of the University and the growing complexity of its organization, I am particularly conscious of the need to decentralize the decision-making process. The objectives are:

1. to eliminate possible bottlenecks and to shorten the decision-making process in administrative actions,
2. to avoid unnecessary administrative restrictions on creative academic initiatives, and
3. to permit academic units to pursue excellence by giving each unit the needed authority to take on the respective responsibilities.

It may not be obvious to you that the University has been quite decentralized in its operational methods and procedures, even though many support services are provided centrally. The present decentralization exercise is aimed at delegating more decision-making responsibilities outwards to the faculties and departments. However, no drastic changes to the existing system of operation are envisaged or required.

Over the past few months, I have held extensive consultations on decentralization with the deans, department chairmen, and over 60 youthful members of the academic staff. Recently, the pro-vice-chancellors, the registrar, the secretary and the bursar of the University held several meetings with the deans to examine implementation details. I am now in a position to let you know the up-to-date situation.

It is apparent that some of our administrative procedures and support services will continue to be handled by central units to take advantage of economy of scale and operational efficiency. For decentralizing the decision-making process, a phased approach is preferred to avoid unnecessary anxiety and disruption while attaining the same results, albeit over perhaps a somewhat longer period of time. The Medical Faculty will move a bit faster since their present status with an indicated grant and their unique structure will allow them to operate more independently.

Faculty deans and department chairmen will be held accountable for decisions made and actions taken at the faculty and department levels respectively in relation to the decentralized functions. Central administrative units headed by the bursar, the registrar, and the secretary will provide specific service support...
and assume advisory and monitoring roles in the implementation of University policies. The bursary will continue to exercise specific financial control according to pre-determined guidelines.

The simplification of academic procedures recently approved by the Senate on 17th October 1990 for immediate implementation is an example of the devolution of power. Provided that the decisions do not contravene University academic rules and requirements, faculty boards have the final authority to approve revisions to the programmes of studies, the addition and deletion of courses, concurrent registration of students, and department/faculty admission requirements and streaming. There will also be fewer levels of processing for other academic matters such as the appointment of external/visiting examiners, external assessors, directors of studies, members of boards of studies, and matters related to exchange programmes and summer programmes.

As regards personnel and financial matters, the first phase of decentralization will begin in August 1991. During 1991-92 and in subsequent years, the gradual introduction of further decentralized decision-making processes will take place. The following changes will be implemented within the 1991 to 1994 time-frame:

1. Faculties will be given authority to make final recommendations, in lieu of the Administrative and Planning Committee (AAPC), on teaching and research appointments of senior lecturer rank or below. Check and balance is to be provided through the current departmental selection committees and a new faculty-wide staff appointment committee (SAC) to be set up at each faculty. Only at the specific request of a member of the faculty SAC will a case be sent to the AAPC for review. This will be implemented for posts advertised on 1st August 1991 and afterwards.

2. Faculties will also be given the flexibility to swap the established teaching posts of the same terms of service within and between the departments in the same faculty. This will be implemented from the academic year 1991-92 in the Medical Faculty, and from 1993-94 in all other faculties.

3. The present decentralized appointment process for a majority of terms of service B and C appointments will continue. The University is considering a more flexible scheme under which departments within the same faculty will be allowed to swap terms B and C office support and technical posts subject to an agreed number of posts within the faculty, ratios for various staff levels, and bench mark grade-entry requirements. When worked out and if approved, the proposal would be for implementation in the academic year 1991-92 or 1992-93.

4. Equipment, departmental supplies and library votes will be given to the faculties using a new formula but faculties will have the discretion to arrange inter-department and inter-faculty transfer of funds provided that the University total for each vote remains basically unchanged. There will also be a new and rather modest reserve fund to be set aside for open bidding on an annual basis for tasks committed by individual faculties through independent negotiation with the University. These will be implemented from the financial year 1991-92.

The allocation of student numbers and staff numbers to the faculties will continue to be centrally planned but may be adjusted after negotiation. The research student numbers and associated funding will be negotiated with all faculties for the year 1991-92.

It is hoped that the University will benefit from the improved flexibility arising from the more decentralized system and greater participation by its staff and students. The University is one made by and for its staff and students and will only be better if everyone wants it to achieve excellence. The University will keep on refining and reviewing the areas to be decentralized taking into consideration the views and aspirations of all who make up this university.

I wish to take this opportunity to thank all those who have contributed to the exercise and urge everyone to strive to make the University an even better place for them to work and to study.
Established in 1965, the University's Department of Journalism and Communication was the first department ever in Hong Kong to offer degree courses in journalism. Apart from engaging itself in teaching, research, and serving community needs, it has also been a key centre for journalism and communication studies in Asia.

Brief History

Plans for setting up a department of journalism were drafted in 1964 by Prof. Frederick T.C. Yu of the Graduate School of Journalism at Columbia University, and the department was formally established in September of the following year, with Prof. Charles C. Clayton of Southern Illinois University as visiting professor, Dr. Tchang Pi-kai as founding chairman of the department, and Dr. Michael T.K. Wei as lecturer.

In the first few years the department accepted only those students who had completed their second-year studies at the University. To ensure the high quality of its graduates, the department selected candidates very carefully and admitted only six students in 1965, to be followed by eight in 1966, and nine each in 1967 and 1968.

In September 1974, the department was renamed the Department of Journalism and Communication, and the programme of studies was extended from two to four years. The number of new students admitted each year also increased to 20.

Postgraduate programmes were first introduced in 1977, when Prof. Wilbur L. Schramm, an internationally-renowned authority in the field of communication, was invited to be Aw Boon Haw Professor of the department. Four graduates were admitted to pursue courses leading to the degree of master of philosophy in communication.

By 1991, the department has 164 major students, 71 minor students, 15 graduate students, eight full-time teachers, 10 part-time teachers, and six clerical staff. It is a youthful and energetic department with a vigorous plan to contribute to the development of the mass media in Hong Kong.

Curriculum Development

From the very beginning, the department has aimed at striking a balance between theoretical and professional courses in its curriculum design. Undergraduate students are required on the one hand to take general courses in journalism and communication theories as well as politics, economics, psychology, sociology, history, and philosophy, which are designed to produce all-rounded students with the power of analysis and a sense of social responsibility. On the other hand, they have to take part in practical work related to journalism and communication, which is designed to cultivate their professional skills.
and public relations studies.

Students majoring in journalism and communication are required to take certain core courses, in order that they can grasp the essentials of this speciality as a whole and fully understand what is expected of a professional in the field. They can furthermore minor in one or two subjects to lay a better foundation for their future development in a chosen area.

To facilitate professional training, the department provides the major students with a news editing room, a television studio, an audio studio, a darkroom, and a micro-computer laboratory.

The master programme launched since 1977 aims at training communication specialists who can make competent analysis of the operation of the mass media and communication activities. Emphasis is laid on research work and the study of the theories of communication. Students are required to take both core courses and elective courses, submit a thesis, and complete the programme in two to three years. For part-time studies, the programme will take three to four years to complete.

Research

Staff of the department have always attached equal importance to teaching and research.

In the early days when the University ran a Mass Communication Research Centre and a Centre for Communication Studies, faculty members actively supported the research activities of the two centres and published a quarterly, *The Asian Messenger*, to present their research findings.

In the eighties when the University established the Institute of Social Studies to promote and coordinate research in the social sciences, staff of the department obtained grants from the institute to initiate new research projects and develop collaborative studies in journalism and communication with overseas institutions. Such institutions included the Institute of Culture and Communication at the East West Center in Honolulu, the University of Washington, Southern Illinois University, the University of Minnesota, National University of Singapore, University of Mainz, and the National Chengchi University. More recent examples are universities in mainland China and research institutes in the UK and Europe.

Research topics range from laws of communication in Hong Kong, the development of communication studies, new communication technology, to Hong Kong’s mass media in the run-up to 1997, and reforms in journalism in China. Findings are regularly published in both local and international academic journals, and in a special column ‘Analysis of the Media’ in a local newspaper – *The Hong Kong Economic Journal*.

Future research will continue to focus on three areas: Hong Kong, China, and international communication. Faculty members will also continue to attend international conferences to exchange information and expertise with scholars and professionals abroad, and to publish their academic papers in international journals.

**Student Activities and Achievements**

**Press Practicum:**

All major students will, under the guidance of instructors, take part in the editing, publication, advertising, and distribution of a practicum newspaper *The New Shatin*. A practicum publication in English is also being planned. A student organization, the Society of Journalism and Communication, started publishing its annual report since 1977, which carries academic papers written by faculty and students of the department. Another special journal about advertising, *Pinpoint*, is published by the students’ Pinpoint Advertising Agency. The Society of Journalism and Communication also organizes seminars and talks to cultivate members’ interest in this field.
Extracurricula Activities:

Students of the department not only participate enthusiastically in various college and university functions such as singing contests and athletic meets, they also actively promote academic and recreational activities within the department itself. An annual event, the ‘Communication Biweekly’, is held to display the work of the students and to enhance cooperation and interaction among teachers and students. Professionals are also regularly invited to give talks to the students.

Achievements over 25 Years:

Over the past 25 years the department has produced a total of 492 graduates. While some have continued to pursue further studies leading to academic careers, others have taken up diverse occupations such as reporters, journalists, editors, copywriters, advertising executives and researchers, programmers in the broadcasting business, or public relations personnel in the civil service and the private sector. Many are now serving in senior positions in leading media such as Television Broadcast Ltd., Asian Television Ltd., Radio-Television Hong Kong, Commercial Radio, South China Morning Post, Hong Kong Standard, and important advertising agencies like Leo Burnett Ltd., Ogilvy and Mather (HK) Ltd., and J. Walter Thompson Co. Ltd. All of them are contributing in their different capacities to the development of communication industries in Hong Kong.

A Series of Activities to Celebrate the 25th Anniversary

Public Lectures

* Topic: The Hong Kong Economic Journal: Its Ideals and Realization
  Date: 28th November 1990
  Speaker: Ms. Sally Lok, Chairman of the Board of Directors of The Hong Kong Economic Journal
  Place: Humanities Building, New Asia College

* Topic: Responsibilities of a Public Broadcasting Station
  Date: 19th April 1991
  Speaker: Miss Man-Yee Cheung, Director of Broadcasting, Hong Kong Government
  Place: Humanities Building, New Asia College

Student Activities

* Exhibition of News Photography
  "Urban Agonies and Ecstasies of a Great Era"
  Date: 26th March – 4th April 1991
  Place: Sir Run Run Shaw Hall, CUHK
  Participants:
  South China Morning Post, Wah Kiu Yat Po, Hong Kong Times, Hong Kong Daily News

* Departmental Singing Competition & Variety Show
  ‘Journalism Nite’ in March 1991
Symposiums

Symposium on Election Reporting

Date: 12th – 15th December 1990
Organizers: Department of Journalism and Communication, CUHK, and the Journalism Training Board, H.K.
Themes: Session 1 – The uniqueness and the future of Hong Kong's political institution
         Session 2 – Election politics and factors in winning
         Session 3 – News coverage of election campaigns
         Session 4 – Dialogue on election news reporting

International Symposium on Communication and Societal Development

Date: 29th April to 1st May 1991
Organizer: Department of Journalism and Communication, CUHK
Themes: Communication theories and development;
        Media in changing societies;
        Media and economic, cultural, and political development;
        Communication education and research
Participants: Professionals and scholars from mainland China, Taiwan, Japan,
             Singapore, USA, and Hong Kong

Academic Publications

The following will be published upon the conclusion of celebration activities in 1990-91:
* Analysis of Media – a collection of articles written by faculty members of the department for The Hong Kong Economic Journal, with Dr. Leonard Chu as editor.
* Staff & Student Publications – a collection of academic papers written by faculty members and students of the Department of Journalism and Communication, with Dr. Paul S.N. Lee as editor.
* Political Communication in Hong Kong – an anthology of research papers by faculty and students of the Department of Journalism and Communication, to be edited by Dr. Joseph M. Chan and Mr. Clement Y.K. So.
* Proceedings of the International Symposium on Communication and Societal Development – a collection of the 27 papers presented in the symposium and the discussions, to be edited by Dr. Leonard Chu and Dr. Joseph M. Chan.
Outstanding CUHK Alumni Receive Prestigious Academic Awards

Two alumni of this university recently won important international awards for their outstanding academic performances. One of them is teaching in an overseas university and the other one is undergoing professional training at the Prince of Wales Hospital. Both are appreciative of the good training they received from their Alma Mater.

Dr. Tang Shui Yan Produces the Best American Doctoral Dissertation in Public Administration

Dr. Tang Shui Yan, a 1982 graduate of the University, was recently awarded the 1990 Leonard D. White prize for the best American doctoral dissertation in public administration. He is the first ever Chinese recipient of the award since its inauguration in 1959.

Dr. Tang, who received both his B.S.Sc. and M.Phil. degrees from The Chinese University, took the prize for his dissertation, ‘Institutions and Collective Action in Irrigation Systems’, completed at Indiana University.

Tang is now assistant professor at the School of Public Administration of the University of Southern California in Los Angeles.

‘The message I would like to give to today’s students is that a degree from The Chinese University is sufficient for them to be competitive in pursuing further studies in the United States,’ he said in a recent telephone interview from Los Angeles.

‘I got very good background training from The Chinese University.’

The Leonard D. White Award is granted annually by the American Political Science Association. According to the award committee, Dr. Tang’s dissertation combines sophisticated theorizing with careful attention to empirical detail in an impressive effort to explain the real-world consequences of using different ways of solving problems of collective choice.

His findings provide valuable lessons for both academic theorists and governments making policy decisions, two qualities that would have commended this dissertation to Leonard White.

In his dissertation, Tang examines how institutional arrangements, physical attributes, and communal environments of large-scale irrigation systems affect attempts to coordinate the behaviour of cultivators drawing water from the systems. He uses organization theory and transaction-cost economics to predict how the incentives created by different arrangements affect the participants’ willingness to follow rules and maintain the system. He then tests his predictions using data from 47 irrigation systems running in several different countries.

While no single set of operational rules is optimal across the wide range of different situations in which these systems exist, most of the differences in rules and behaviour can be reduced to one of two system types – decentralized community systems...
and centrally managed bureaucratic ones, he says. Irrigators in the community systems are much more likely to obey the operational rules and to maintain the system than those in the bureaucratic systems, Tang concludes.

Tang’s book *Institutions and Collective Action: The Case of Irrigation Systems* will be published later this year by the Institute for Contemporary Studies in San Francisco.

A graduate of the Department of Government and Public Administration at The Chinese University, Tang completed his undergraduate degree in 1982 and his M.Phil. in 1984. His M.Phil. thesis was entitled *The Administrative Reform in the People’s Republic of China in the Post-Mao Era – Its Decision-Making Dimension*.

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**Dr. Lam Kwok Key Outshines 200 Candidates in a Professional Examination in Anaesthesia**

Dr. Lam Kwok Key, a 1987 graduate in medicine, came first in a professional examination (Part I) for the Fellowship of the Royal Australasian College of Surgeons (Anaesthesia) and was awarded the Renton Prize. Dr. Lam is the first Hong Kong candidate to have won such an honour.

Upon his graduation from this university, Dr. Lam started his professional training at the Prince of Wales Hospital and joined the Anaesthesia and Intensive Care Unit in 1988. Training is under the supervision of the Faculty of Anaesthesia of the Royal Australasian College of Surgeons. It will take a minimum of seven years and require, among other things, the passing of a qualifying examination comprising two parts. Some 200 candidates from countries like Australia, New Zealand, Hong Kong, Singapore and Malaysia sat part one of the examination in early 1990 and Dr. Lam outdid them all. He will continue with his training in Hong Kong and attend the second part of the examination for a diploma in anaesthesia.

Dr. Lam was understandably excited upon learning the good news of his success in the examination. When interviewed by the *Chinese University Bulletin*, he said that pursuing a professional course in medicine is not as taxing as most people would imagine. Pre-clinical studies may be less exciting and the workload during that stage may be heavier. Once past that stage, however, students’ interest will be stimulated by various challenging clinical courses. The University’s undergraduate course of medicine, he feels, is very well-designed. His own interest in anaesthesia was aroused when he was taking the clinical programmes.
The University's Appointments Service conducts annually an employment survey on the year's graduates and diplomates to obtain information about their career destinations after graduation.

A survey on the 1990 graduates was conducted between September and December 1990. Out of a total of 1,181 full-time first-degree graduates (excluding medical students), 1,119 returned completed and valid questionnaires, giving a response rate of 94.8 per cent. The response rates of part-time first-degree graduates, full-time higher-degree graduates and diplomates were 97.6 per cent, 89.4 per cent and 93.1 per cent respectively.

Unless otherwise indicated in the text, percentages quoted in this report are based on the number of respondents in employment.

First-degree Graduates

Destinations

Respondents to the survey numbered 1,119. Of these 961 had started work locally, 109 were pursuing further studies, six were travelling, four emigrated abroad, one was working overseas, 37 were still seeking suitable employment at the time of analysis, and one remained unemployed for personal reasons.

General Trends

Similar to the previous year, the commercial and industrial sector was the major recruiter, absorbing some 58 per cent of the graduates. It was followed by the education sector, which provided employment for 25 per cent of the graduates. The civil service and the social and public service sector each took 10.2 per cent and 6.3 per cent of the graduates respectively.

Arts Graduates

The education sector remained the major outlet for arts graduates, despite a continuous drop in the percentage of students joining that sector from 66.7 in 1986 to 53.9 in 1990. On the other hand, an increase of about 10 per cent was noticed in the number of those joining the commercial and industrial sector over the same period.

Business Administration Graduates

The employment trend for business administration graduates has been rather consistent over the last five years. Each year the commercial and industrial sector attracted over 80 per cent of the graduates. In 1990, the figure was further increased to 86 per cent.

Science Graduates

The employment situation of science graduates was similar to that of 1989. About 72 per cent of the graduates joined the commercial and industrial sector while one quarter of the graduates took up employment in the education sector.

The computer profession continued to be very attractive, absorbing some 84 per cent of the computer majors, 46.1 per cent of the statistics majors, 39.2 per cent...
### Major Career Fields for Arts Graduates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Career Field</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
<th>1990</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>59.2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Administration/Management</td>
<td>18.5</td>
<td>11.2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Marketing</td>
<td>5.8</td>
<td>3.9</td>
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<tr>
<td>Mass Communication</td>
<td>3.9</td>
<td>3.9</td>
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<tr>
<td>Public Relations</td>
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### Major Career Fields for Business Administration Graduates

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<th>Percentage</th>
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<th>1989</th>
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<tr>
<td>Accounting</td>
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<tr>
<td>Banking</td>
<td>23.5</td>
<td>15.7</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Administration/Management</td>
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<td>22.9</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Marketing</td>
<td>13.1</td>
<td>11.0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personnel Management</td>
<td>3.0</td>
<td>1.9</td>
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### Major Career Fields for Science Graduates

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Computer</td>
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<tr>
<td>Teaching</td>
<td>20.0</td>
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<tr>
<td>Administration/Management</td>
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### Major Career Fields for Social Science Graduates

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Career Field</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
<th>1990</th>
<th>1989</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Teaching</td>
<td>20.7</td>
<td>17.3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Administration/Management</td>
<td>18.5</td>
<td>14.4</td>
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<td>Social Services</td>
<td>18.1</td>
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<tr>
<td>Banking</td>
<td>5.3</td>
<td>6.2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marketing</td>
<td>5.3</td>
<td>8.7</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mass Communication</td>
<td>5.3</td>
<td>5.0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
of the mathematics majors, 24.2 per cent of the electronics majors and 14.2 per cent of the physics majors.

**Social Science Graduates**

The percentage of graduates entering the commercial and industrial sector was 41.5 in 1990, representing a drop of 5.6 per cent from the figure of the previous year. The number of graduates joining the education sector was however increased by four per cent.

**Employers**

About 40 per cent of the graduates working in the business sector were employed by local companies. The rest were working in companies owned by American (18.7 per cent), British (15.9 per cent), Japanese (5.9 per cent), PRC (5.7 per cent), and other (14.1 per cent) interests. Of those who became secondary school teachers, close to 90 per cent were teaching in subsidized schools, and 5.6 per cent in private schools.

**Terms and Conditions of Employment**

The average monthly salary showed an increase of 11 per cent over the previous year’s figure. The median monthly salaries for graduates entering the government, the education sector, the commercial and industrial sector and the social and public service sector are $10,652, $10,231, $7,612 and $10,361 respectively. About 20 per cent of the graduates had their remuneration packages supplemented by an annual bonus; 56 per cent were entitled to pension schemes; 53.1 per cent were entitled to medical coverage; and 5.1 per cent enjoyed housing benefits.

**Job Satisfaction**

Close to 90 per cent of the graduates were found to be satisfied with their current employment. They indicated that they were interested in their jobs and had cordial working relationships with their colleagues. However, about one quarter of the respondents were not satisfied with the management style of their employers and the fringe benefits they enjoyed. Some 23 per cent were concerned about the prospect for advancement, while 30 per cent were concerned about the training opportunities provided.

**Job Search Process**

As in the past years, the University’s Appointments Service was the major source of job information for the graduates, as 43.1 per cent of the respondents learnt about their current jobs through the Service. Advertisements in the newspapers ranked second, having provided job information for about 38.8 per cent of the respondents. About 10 per cent of the graduates secured their jobs through the assistance of friends, relatives or teachers. The average number of first interviews attended by each respondent was eight. About 91 per cent of the respondents had their first appointment offers by the end of August, while 37.9 per cent of the respondents received their first offers before June. The overall average number of job offers for the 1990 graduates was 2.5, same as in the previous year. About 68.7 per cent of the graduates in employment received two or more offers. Close to 70 per cent of the graduates started work by the end of August. About 26.5 per cent began work in September.

**Further Studies**

The percentage of graduates who proceeded to further studies continued to drop, from 17.3 in 1985 to 9.7 in 1990. The percentage of those who took the Diploma in Education courses dropped drastically from 34.2 in 1989 to 13.7 in 1990. Those who engaged in further studies in 1990 tended to opt for subjects related to their undergraduate specializations.

The percentage of graduates who pursued further studies abroad increased from 1.9 in 1989 to 3.8 in 1990. Among the 43 graduates who left Hong Kong for postgraduate studies, 27 went to the USA, six to the UK, four to Canada, three to France and one each to Holland, Italy and Japan. Forty-five per cent of the graduates in further studies had to bear the cost themselves; 35 per cent were given teaching assistantships; 6.4 per cent received various forms of government assistance; 5.5 per cent were on full scholarships; and 0.9 per cent were on scholarships supplemented by their own resources.

**Part-time Degree Graduates**

A total of 81 valid questionnaires were collected from 83 part-time first-degree graduates. Of the 81 respondents, 73 were engaged in full-time employment, two were travelling, two emigrated abroad, one was pursuing further studies, one was still seeking suitable employment at the time of the survey, and two remained unemployed for personal reasons.

Sixty per cent of the business administration majors were employed in the business sector while 80 per cent of the music graduates were employed in the
education sector. The percentages of the Chinese-English graduates and social work graduates working in the civil service were 53 and 38 respectively. Most social work graduates joined various social service organizations as social workers or social welfare officers.

The majority of the graduates had extensive employment experience ranging from two to over 14 years, the average being 10.7 years. Twenty-six per cent of the graduates changed their employers after graduation, over 60 per cent of them were social work graduates. Of those who remained with the same employers after graduation, 18.5 per cent were promoted.

The median monthly salary of the graduates was $13,820. Some 18 per cent received a monthly salary of more than $20,000. Slightly more than 75 per cent were entitled to pension schemes; 52.1 per cent enjoyed medical coverage; and 12.3 per cent enjoyed housing benefits.

More than 90 per cent of the graduates were very or fairly satisfied with their jobs. They were interested in their work, happy with the pay and the relationship with their colleagues. However, some 30 per cent of the employed graduates complained about the lack of promotion prospects and close to 40 per cent found that training opportunities were inadequate.

### Diplomates of the School of Education

Of the 131 full-time diplomates who graduated in 1990, 122 responded to the survey. One hundred and fourteen of them were engaged in full-time employment; three were pursuing further studies; three emigrated abroad; and two remained unemployed for personal reasons. Most of the diplomates (98.2 per cent) chose teaching as their career after training in the School of Education. The majority of them were teaching in subsidized or aided secondary schools.

Some 56 per cent of the diplomates received a monthly salary in the range of $10,000 to $11,999. Close to 60 per cent of them were substantially satisfied with their present employment. Thirty-one per cent of the diplomates obtained information about their present employment from the Appointments Service, while about 50 per cent of them secured their current jobs by responding to newspaper advertisements.

### Higher-degree Graduates

A total of 143 valid questionnaires were collected from 160 full-time higher-degree graduates. One hundred and six had already started work; 29 were engaged in further studies; two were employed overseas; one returned to his place of origin; and five were still seeking suitable employment at the time of analysis. About 39 per cent of the employed graduates obtained information about their current jobs from the Appointments Service.

### Divisions of the Graduate School (Not including the Division of Business Administration)

Of the 107 full-time higher-degree graduates of 1990 (except MBAs), 94 responded to the survey. About 65 per cent of the respondents were in employment and 30.9 per cent took up further studies after graduation. Of those who were in employment, 14.7 per cent joined the civil service, 52.5 per cent were working in the education sector, and 27.9 per cent were employed in the business sector. Teaching remained the chief occupation of higher-degree graduates, and accounted for 42.6 per cent of the respondents in employment. Research (18 per cent), marketing (9.8 per cent), computer (8.2 per cent) and medical services (8.2 per cent) were the other career fields which attracted many of the higher-degree graduates. Close to 38 per cent of the graduates earned a monthly salary in the range of $10,000 to $11,999, while 32.8 per cent earned more than $12,000 per month. Close to 96 per cent of the MBA graduates received their first appointment offers by the end of August. The average number of offers received by the MBA graduates was 2.2.

### Two-Year MBA Programme

Of the 53 MBA students who graduated in 1990, 49 responded to the survey. More than 90 per cent of the MBA respondents entered the business sector upon graduation. As in the previous years, marketing (28.9 per cent), administration/management (15.6 per cent), banking (13.3 per cent) and finance/investment (13.3 per cent) were the major career fields for MBA graduates. About 44 per cent of the MBA graduates earned a monthly salary in the range of $10,000 to $11,999, while 37.3 per cent earned more than $12,000 per month. Close to 96 per cent of the MBA graduates received their first appointment offers by the end of August. The average number of offers received by the MBA graduates was 2.2.
Mr. Robert Wu

Director, Office of Industrial and Business Development

Mr. Robert Wu left Hong Kong as a child and returned after one-third of a century to work at The Chinese University. He has both bachelor’s and master’s degrees in mechanical engineering and an MBA in management and finance, and is a member of Tau Beta Pi – the engineering honour society and Pi Tau Sigma – the mechanical engineering honour society. He received a professional engineer’s licence from the state of New York in 1973.

Mr. Wu worked for 12 years in engineering, taking on increasingly responsible positions involving the development, analysis, and design of equipment and structure. He designed fighter planes, spacecraft, inertial and laser guidance instruments, and power equipment. His last technical position was director of engineering in the Burman Manufacturing Company. In addition, he had 10 years of experience managing the marketing of telecommunications products and services for the Bell system. He performed different facets of marketing including market research, statistical analysis, market and industry analyses, strategic planning, and sales management. He worked as the managing director for the China market and staff director of corporate marketing in NYNEX Corporation, one of the seven ‘Baby Bell’ companies.

Mr. Wu joined the University in 1989 and was later appointed as director of industrial and business development to help build its linkages with corporations and institutions and its capabilities for research and technology transfer.

Mr. Wu is married with two children, who are currently attending college. While in the United States, he was very active in civic activities. He served in many community organizations and was the national president of the Organization of Chinese Americans – a national network of 45 chapters.

Dr. Anthony M.Y. Chan

Lecturer, Department of Accountancy

Dr. Anthony M.Y. Chan graduated from York University, Canada with a BBA degree in accounting and an MBA degree in accounting and organizational behaviour. He later obtained his Ph.D. degree in accounting from the University of Sheffield, United Kingdom.

Dr. Chan has wide research interests which range from international accounting, social aspects of accounting, accounting standard setting, to theories in management accounting and financial accounting. He is the author of a book and numerous articles published in academic and professional journals.
such as *International Journal of Accounting* (USA) and *The International Accountant* (UK). Dr. Chan is active in presenting research papers at international conferences.

Apart from teaching and research, Dr. Chan is active in community service. He is a board director of Breakthrough Limited and the chairman of its Administration Advisory Committee. He is also a member of the Library and Publications Subcommittee of the Hong Kong Society of Accountants.

Dr. Chan is a member of several professional and academic associations: Association of International Accountants, United Kingdom; American Accounting Association; and Canadian Academic Accounting Association.

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**Dr. Lau Yee Cheung**

*Lecturer, Department of History*

Upon graduation from The Chinese University with a BA degree in history, Dr. Lau Yee Cheung received a scholarship to further his studies at the University of California, Santa Barbara in the United States, and subsequently obtained his MA degree in 1978 and Ph.D. degree in 1986. His graduate studies focused on the history of modern China and Japan, and the history of Chinese-American relations. During that time he taught modern China history and US foreign relations as a teaching assistant. As a Ph.D. candidate he was awarded a research historianship to prepare his doctoral thesis on Hu Han-min’s mind and revolutionary career.

Prior to joining this university in January 1991, Dr. Lau held a teaching post at the Department of Chinese Studies at the National University of Singapore, giving courses in modern China history. At The Chinese University, he offers courses in the history of modern China and its international relations.

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Dr. Lau has published many articles on Chinese-American relations, Chinese-British diplomatic negotiations, Hsueh Fu-ch’eng’s reformist ideas, and Hu Han-min.

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**Dr. Chiu Ha Ying**

*Resident Physician, University Health Service*

Dr. Chiu Ha Ying left Hong Kong at the age of seven and spent her childhood and early teens in Indonesia. She finished her secondary school education in Britain and graduated from Manchester Medical School in 1977, with honours awarded in the pre-clinical subjects.

After her house physician year, Dr. Chiu spent a year rotating through the different faculties in general pathology to gain a sound laboratory-based background. Subsequently she embarked on a career in paediatrics and received specialist training working in various Manchester paediatrics teaching hospitals. She obtained the MRCP in 1982 and was appointed lecturer in paediatrics by the Royal Free Hospital School of Medicine, University of London in 1984. She was also involved in the setting up of the Paediatrics Renal Transplantation Programme there.

Having worked for several years in a hospital setting, Dr. Chiu wanted to gain some experience in community medicine and hence in 1986 started to work as a community and school medical officer, taking part in primary health care, health surveillance, counselling and the organization of health education.

Dr. Chiu returned to Hong Kong two years ago and was appointed as resident physician at the University Health Service (UHS) in September 1990. Dr. Chiu’s main concern is health education and the promotion of health awareness and self care amongst students and staff. She hopes to help the UHS play its roles not only as a ‘treatment’ centre but also as a place where advice, health information and support are easily accessible to all.
The University has recently received from local and overseas individuals and foundations the following gifts and donations in support of its programmes and projects:

(1) From Anna Leung-yee Tang Scholarship Fund Committee US$800 to provide two scholarships of $400 each for chemistry students in 1990-91.

(2) From Epson Foundation HK$12,000 annually for three years to provide a scholarship for a student of the Information Engineering Programme.

(3) From Financial Executives Institute (HK) Limited HK$30,000 to provide three awards of $10,000 each to students of the Two-year MBA Programme to participate in exchange programmes in 1990-91.

(4) From Hong Kong Society of Accountants HK$5,000 annually to provide a scholarship for a third-year student in business administration.

(5) From InterCham Organizing Committee HK$10,000 to provide a scholarship for a student in business administration in 1990-91.

(6) From Seiyu (Shatin) Co. Ltd.:
   (a) HK$40,000 to provide four scholarships of $10,000 each to outstanding students of the Engineering Programme, the Japanese Studies Programme and the Japanese Language Certificate Programme; and
   (b) HK$10,000 for the production of the *Handbook of Scholarship and Financial Aid* published by the Office of Student Affairs.

(7) From Mr. Shoichi Takasaki HK$30,000 annually for five years from 1992-93 to provide a scholarship for a student of the Japanese Studies Programme.

(8) From the Hong Kong Advertisers Association HK$3,000 to provide a scholarship for a student in business administration in 1990-91.

(9) From the Incorporated Trustees of Chiap Hua Cheng's Foundation HK$255,000 for the following purposes:
   (a) $135,000 to provide 15 scholarships of $9,000 each to academically outstanding students;
   (b) $80,000 to provide 20 bursaries of $4,000 each to needy students; and
   (c) $40,000 to provide a number of summer subsistence bursaries to students who are in financial need during the summer vacation.

(10) From various donors totalling HK$54,000 for the Dr. Ch'ien Mu Scholarship Fund of New Asia College.

(11) From Wu Jieh Yee Charitable Foundation Limited HK$31,500 for the establishment of a language prize and a number of book prizes for first-year students who performed well in the Joint Examination on Cantonese Phonology.

(12) From Armedic Far East Limited for research projects undertaken by the Department of Medicine:
   (a) FF100,000 for the perindopril study; and
   (b) HK$10,000 for the epidemiological survey in diabetes hypertension and hyperlipidaemia.

(13) From the following donors to the Department of Obstetrics and Gynaecology for educational and research purposes:
   (a) Mrs. Victoria Ball HK$2,000; and
   (b) Mrs. Jeanette Ng HK$3,000.

(14) From Mr. Peter Cheung Kong Lai HK$5,000 for a research project undertaken by the Department of Clinical Oncology.

(15) From Mr. Chow Chuan Yuan HK$5,000 to the Department of Clinical Oncology for research purposes.

(16) From Farmitalia Carlo (HK) Limited HK$50,000 for the salary of a research nurse for...
a research project undertaken by the Department of Medicine.

(17) From Government’s Health and Welfare Branch HK$250,000 for a supplementary research programme on traditional Chinese medicine undertaken by the Chinese Medicinal Material Research Centre.

(18) From ICI (China) Limited HK$5,000 for a survey on hypertension and diabetes in Hong Kong undertaken by the Department of Medicine.

(19) From Nutricia Foundation HK$56,900 to the Department of Community and Family Medicine for research purposes.

(20) From Sandoz Pharmaceuticals Ltd. HK$75,000 for a research project undertaken by the Department of Medicine.

(21) From Smith Kline & French Laboratories:
   (a) HK$75,000 for a research project undertaken by the Department of Microbiology; and
   (b) HK$10,434.60 to sponsor a staff member of the Department of Surgery to attend a conference in Texas, USA.

(22) From Mr. George K.D. Sun HK$50,000 to the Department of Psychiatry for research purposes.

(23) From Swire Loxley Limited HK$10,000 for a study on diabetes undertaken by the Department of Medicine.

(24) From Dr. Henry N.C. Wong £305 for research activities undertaken by the Department of Chemistry.

(25) From Astra Pharmaceuticals HK$20,000 to sponsor a staff member of the Department of Medicine to attend a conference in Toronto, Canada.

(26) From Astra Pharmaceuticals (HK) Limited HK$32,000 to sponsor a staff member of the Department of Medicine to attend a conference in Dallas, Texas, USA.

(27) From the following donors for postgraduate educational activities organized by the Department of Obstetrics and Gynaecology:
   (a) Bayer China Co. Ltd. HK$3,000;
   (b) Hoechst China Ltd. HK$3,000;
   (c) Jebsen & Co. Ltd. HK$3,000; and
   (d) Great Eastern Trading Company HK$3,000.

(28) From the following donors for the CUHK Federation of Alumni Association Student Activities Fund:
   (a) Mr. Chan Ka Kwan HK$1,000;
   (b) Legality Secretarial Services Company Limited HK$10,000;
   (c) Dr. Fung Kwok Pui HK$1,000;
   (d) Hoy Loy Book Store HK$2,000; and
   (e) Mr. Luk Kwing Karp HK$1,000.

(29) From Ms. Alice Cheng of Yung Shing Enterprise Co. HK$33,400 to sponsor two scholars from the University of International Business and Economics, Beijing, China for an attachment to the Faculty of Business Administration of The Chinese University during the first semester of 1990-91.

(30) From the Croucher Foundation HK$250,000 for the foundation’s funds for needy students in 1990-91.

(31) From Mr. Patrick Chu Siou-ying HK$1,000 for the Kan Lai Bing Fund of the University Library System.

(32) From Mr. Chung Wah-pui, Ms. Nora Fok, Mr. Joseph Hotung and Dr. S.Y. Kwan HK$7,820 to support the visit of Mr. Mou Yongkang of the Zhejiang Provincial Institute of Archaeology to the Art Gallery.

(33) From the following donors for the Hong Kong Paediatric Bone Marrow Transplant Fund of the Department of Paediatrics:
   (a) Mr. Herbert S. Cheng and Mrs. Trinette T. Cheng HK$1,000;
   (b) Welfare Handicrafts Ltd. HK$39; and
   (c) Dr. Wong Man Kei HK$5,000.

(34) From the following donors for a satellite symposium in Taipei, jointly organized by the Obstetricians and Gynaecologists Society of Hong Kong, the National Yang Ming Medical School in Taiwan and the University’s Department of Obstetrics and Gynaecology:
   (a) Dentex Co. Ltd. HK$5,000;
   (b) Cheung Fat Land Investment Co. HK$75,628.80;
   (c) Goodman Medical Supplies Limited HK$25,000; and
   (d) Sandoz Pharmaceuticals Ltd. HK$5,000.

(35) From Friends of the Art Gallery:
   (a) HK$40,000 towards the Art Gallery Acquisition Fund; and
   (b) HK$16,000 for the Sir Edward Youde Memorial Summer Work-Study Programme.

(36) From Hang Seng Bank Ltd. HK$150,000 to the Vice-Chancellor’s discretionary fund in 1990-91.
(37) From Hong Kong Japanese Club HK$5,000 for the acquisition of Japanese books or publications related to Japan or its language for the University Library System.

(38) From Hong Kong Pei Hua Education Foundation HK$25,000 for a conference on statistical research.

(39) From Kao (HK) Ltd. HK$200,000 to be used at the University’s discretion.

(40) From K.C. Wong Education Foundation Ltd. HK$200,000 to be used at the University’s discretion.

(41) From the following donors for the third international imaging course organized by the Department of Diagnostic Radiology and Organ Imaging:

(a) Kodak (Far East) Limited HK$10,000;
(b) Fuji Photo Products Co. Limited HK$10,000;
(c) Sterling Drug International, Inc. HK$5,000; and
(d) The Industrial Promoting Co. Ltd. HK$20,000.

(42) From Mr. Lam Shan Muk HK$50,000 for a conference organized by the Department of Journalism and Communication.

(43) From Merck Sharp & Dohme (Asia) Limited HK$15,600 to sponsor a staff member of the Department of Medicine to attend a conference about cardiology in Singapore.

(44) From Oriental Daily News Charitable Fund Association HK$100 for the Renal Unit of the Department of Medicine.

(45) From Providence Foundation Limited HK$384,126.60 for the liver transplantation programme of the Department of Medicine.

(46) From Roche Pharmaceuticals and Chemicals Ltd.: 

(a) HK$1,000 for the Geriatric Day Hospital Fund of the Department of Medicine; and
(b) HK$10,000 for a symposium organized by the Department of Surgery.

(47) From Pfizer Corporation HK$40,000 for a symposium organized by the Department of Surgery.

(48) From Roussel Laboratories Ltd. £500 to sponsor a staff member of the Department of Obstetrics and Gynaecology to attend a conference in Singapore.

(49) From Squibb (Far East) Ltd. HK$5,000 for the cardiac seminar organized by the Department of Medicine in 1990.

(50) From various donors totalling HK$799,717.16, ATS1,490, US$800, £255 and SF100 for the Children’s Cancer Fund of the Department of Paediatrics.

(51) From various donors gifts and donations totalling HK$3,067,606.70 to Chung Chi College during the period April to October 1990.

(52) From various donors 139 pieces of Chinese art and antiquities to the Art Gallery during the period August 1989 to July 1990.

(53) From the SUN Microsystems of California Ltd. a batch of hardware and software to the Engineering Programme.

(54) From Kai Yue Cheong Limited HK$1,800,000 for the construction of a new squash centre adjacent to the University Sports Centre.

(55) From Banca Popolare de Bergamo approximately Lit4,800,000 to provide four scholarships for students to pursue summer studies at the Instituto Universitario di Bergamo, Italy in 1991.

(56) From the Jackie Chan Charitable Foundation: 

(a) HK$36,000 to provide six scholarships in 1990-91 for students, two each from the departments of music, fine arts, and journalism & communication; and
(b) HK$24,000 for the establishment of a student activities minigrant fund to sponsor student projects in the areas of music, drama, dance, public speaking and debating activities.

(57) From First Pacific Bank Ltd. HK$12,000 annually for two years to provide a scholarship for a first-year student of the Two-year MBA Programme, renewable for a second year subject to satisfactory academic progress.

(58) From Huang Hsing Foundation (USA) US$1,300 for the establishment of a fellowship scheme to enable young scholars from higher institutions in China to come as academic visitors to the University’s Department of History.

(59) From the School of Italian Language and Cultural Studies for Foreigners at Siena, Italy Lit1,000,000 to provide a scholarship for a student to pursue summer studies at the school in 1991.

(60) From Shun Yip Textiles Ltd. Bursary HK$5,000
to provide a bursary for a needy student in 1990-91.

(61) From the Swatow Lodge No. 3705 EC HK$10,000 to provide two bursaries of $5,000 each for needy students in 1990-91.

(62) From Hong Kong Society of Asia and Pacific 21 Ltd. HK$40,000 for the printing of Chinese Banking in Asia's Market Economies published by the Overseas Chinese Archives.

(63) From Alcon Laboratories US$10,000 for a clinical pilot trial at the Eye Unit of the Department of Surgery.

(64) From an anonymous donor HK$20,000 to the Department of Mathematics for research purposes.

(65) From Astra Pharmaceuticals (HK) Ltd. HK$63,000 for a study on peptic ulcer healing undertaken by the Department of Medicine.

(66) From Bayer China Co. Ltd. HK$120,000 for a study on treating infective exacerbations in bronchiectasis undertaken by the Department of Medicine.

(67) From Miss Chan Sau Ping HK$20,000 to the Department of Clinical Oncology for cancer research.

(68) From Cystic Fibrosis Foundation US$15,000 for a research project undertaken by the Department of Physiology.

(69) From Farmitalia Carlo Erba (HK) Ltd.:
(a) HK$36,000 to sponsor an IGT study in the Department of Medicine; and
(b) HK$80,000 for a study on cervix cancer undertaken by the Department of Obstetrics and Gynaecology.

(70) From Glaxo Hong Kong Ltd. HK$18,000 for research on respiratory diseases in Hong Kong undertaken by the Department of Medicine.

(71) From Hong Kong Culture and Art Foundation HK$10,000 for a research project on the performing arts undertaken by Dr. Leung Pui-kam of the Department of Chinese Language and Literature.

(72) From Janssen Pharmaceutica to the Department of Medicine:
(a) HK$7,020 for neurological education and research;
(b) HK$15,000 to sponsor a staff member to attend a symposium in Nashville, USA;
(c) HK$30,000 to sponsor a staff member to attend a symposium in Nashville, USA; and
(d) HK$10,098.90 to purchase 600 copies of nephron reprint from S. Karger AG, Basel.

(73) From Johnson & Johnson (HK) Ltd. HK$28,000 for a clinical trial undertaken by the Department of Medicine.

(74) From Ms. Christeen Keown HK$500 to the Department of Clinical Oncology for research purposes.

(75) From Pfizer Corporation HK$10,000 to the Department of Clinical Oncology for research purposes.

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(77) From Dr. Ma Pui Han a further donation of HK$100,000 for research activities undertaken by the Department of Chemistry.

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(a) HK$117,000 for a research project undertaken by the Department of Medicine;
(b) HK$130,000 for a research project undertaken by the Department of Microbiology;
(c) HK$3,770 for a research project undertaken by the Department of Microbiology;
(d) HK$19,500 for a research project undertaken by the Department of Surgery;
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(f) HK$10,000 to the Department of Clinical Pharmacology for research purposes.

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(a) HK$55,000 to the Department of Clinical Pharmacology for research purposes;
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(92) From Hong Kong Oxygen & Acetylene Co. Ltd. HK$4,300 to sponsor a staff member of the Department of Surgery to visit the UROPONG Lithotripsy Centre in Bangkok, Thailand.
(93) From the Industrial Promoting Limited HK$10,000 to sponsor a staff member of the Department of Obstetrics and Gynaecology to attend a conference in London, UK.
(94) From Jardine, Matheson & Co. Ltd. HK$4,000 for the third International Imaging Course organized by the Department of Diagnostic Radiology and Organ Imaging.
(95) From Johnson & Johnson Medical Hong Kong HK$5,000 to sponsor a staff member of the Department of Obstetrics and Gynaecology to attend an international workshop on gynaecologic endoscopy in Bangkok, Thailand.
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(102) From various donors HK$742,126.70, US$230, and £20 towards the Children’s Cancer Fund of the Department of Paediatrics.
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(107) From Bristol-Myers (Hong Kong) Ltd. two IBM compatible personal computers to the Growth and Nutrition Research Team of the Department of Paediatrics.
Gao Jianfu, Geese and moon
Gao Jianfu, Evening toll of the misty temple, dated 1930